This manual is for use in operating and maintaining the EVOLUTION II Ink Jet Printer. This includes various optional features, which may not be included in your basic model printer. For basic start-up instructions, please refer to PART 1 Installation Procedures.

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ALL PRINT CARTRIDGES SUPPLIED BY DIGITAL DESIGN INC. ARE FACTORY TESTED AND PROFILED TO PRODUCE AN OPTIMUM AND CONSISTANT CODE. USING OTHER THAN AUTHORIZED CARTRIDGES WILL CAUSE UNDESIRABLE RESULTS. EACH FLASH DATA CARD IS PROFILED EXPLICITELY FOR ITS’ INTENDED PRINTER, AND IS SECURITY LOCKED PROHIBITING USE IN OTHER THAN THE ORIGINAL PRINTER FOR WHICH IT WAS PURCHASED. KEEP ALL UPGRADE CARDS IN A SECURE PLACE. EVOLUTION II IS A FULLY FEATURED MODEL WITH VARIABLE FIELD PROGRAMMING AND BARCODE CAPABILITIES.
NOTE:
The Evolution Graphic Controller will control the
Evolution 1 (EV1)
Evolution 2 (EV2)
Evolution SC (EVSC)
The upper left corner of the display indicates the specific printer connected to the hand held controller.
# INSTALLATION AND OPERATION MANUAL

## PART 1: INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

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INSTALLATION AND OPERATION MANUAL
PART 1: INSTALLATION PROCEDURES
INSTALLING THE EVOLUTION II PRINTING SYSTEM

Caution should be taken while installing the EVOLUTION printing system on your equipment. Digital Design Inc. has taken every precaution to ensure a safe and accurate instruction set to guide the installer through the installation process. Follow the operational guidelines in the installation procedures.

VERIFY THAT YOUR EQUIPMENT IS IN PROPER OPERATING CONDITION.

LOCATE A CONVENIENT POSITION ON YOUR EQUIPMENT. EVOLUTION II REQUIRES 4-1/2" OF SPACE ON THE PRODUCTION LINE.

FOLLOW THE INSTALLATION PROCEDURES.

READ CAREFULLY ALL INSTALLATION PROCEDURES BEFORE PROCEEDING.

INSTALL THE PRINTING SYSTEM ON YOUR EQUIPMENT. THERE IS NO EXTRA HARDWARE REQUIRED OTHER THEN THAT SUPPLIED IN THE INSTALLATION KIT.

MOUNTING ON PRODUCTION LINE

Locate the supplied mounting template and affix in a convenient location on the production line. Spot and drill both mounting holes for a 5/16" bolt. NOTE: the user may also thread the side of the conveyer using a 5/16" tap. Fasten the mounting bracket to the conveyer using the supplied mounting hardware and ensuring that the supplied ground strap is located securely beneath either of the two mounting bolts, and that conductivity to earth ground is less than 1 ohm. This ensures a proper path for static discharge, should the need arise.
EVOLUTION II MOUNTING OPTIONS
The EVOLUTION II mounting bracket assembly C21010 has a number of possible mounting configurations, which allows adaptability to a variety of production equipment.

The top cross slide bracket C20741 may be rotated 180 deg by loosening the included setscrew 504JCS and rotating the bracket. This allows the print head to be extended by just over 1". Although this is not a significant amount it might be helpful.

Refer to the first two pictorials to identify the various components of the mounting bracket system C21005.

Rotating the horizontal mounting bracket C20740 may further increase extension into the production line. The mounting centers for both the base block C20741 and controller holder C20940-4 are identical. Remove the two 502JHS flat head screws from the base block and the two 502JES button head screws, rotate the bracket and replace both the base block and controller holder.

The above procedure allows for a print head displacement from .625" before the production line to 11.450" into the production line.
Vertical height adjustment for the EVOLUTION II print head is accomplished by loosening the included hand knob 5993K41.

Note that the hand knob may be mounted on either side of the horizontal mounting bracket depending on the orientation of the bracket. It should also be noted when rotating the cross slide assembly it is necessary to move the smaller hand knob 57715K16 to the other side of the bracket so it aligns with the flat on the horizontal extension rod.

After the mounting bracket is configured loosen the locking collar 7A014S and re-locate it against the horizontal extension bracket and tighten. This allows the user to loosen the horizontal mounting bracket-locking knob and rotate the assembly without losing the height adjustment.
GROUNDING STRAP INSTALLATION

INSTALL STRAP UNDER 5/16” SCREW. ENSURE CONDUCTIVITY TO EARTH GROUND IS LESS THAN 1 OHM

INPUT POWER CONNECTION AND MODIFICATION

Insert the power plug to the available power source. The supplied power supply will is universal and will auto detect 100/240 VAC 50-60hZ.

No other adjustments are necessary.
INSTALLING THE PRINT CARTRIDGE

Remove the protective film from the face of the print head and retain the film. This protective film may be re-applied to store partially used cartridges. If it is necessary to remove the print head and store for a long period of time, it is best to re-apply the plastic film, and place the cartridge in a closeable plastic bag. Rotate the Print Head Release mechanism to the rear of the print head so that it is free for insertion of the print cartridge. Push the print cartridge in and down to insert it into the print carriage. Gently lift the locking arm and press forward against the print cartridge. A snap will be felt as the locking mechanism presses the cartridge into the correct position.

NOTE: EACH PRINT CARTRIDGE HAS BEEN PROFILED AT THE FACTORY. THIS PROCEDURE DETERMINES THE OPTIMAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL CARTRIDGE. USING ANY OTHER PRINT CARTRIDGE WILL HAVE UNDESIRABLE RESULTS.

NOTE: WHEN A NEW CARTRIDGE IS INSTALLED, BOTH THE RED AND GREEN LIGHT WILL FLASH TWICE INDICATING A CORRECT INSTALLATION. THE USER MUST REMEMBER TO RESET THE INK LEVEL UNDER THE F4 FUNCTION KEY MENU.
CONNECTING THE CONTROLLER TO THE CARRIAGE

Connect the Controller to the print carriage using the supplied 3 FT (.9 mm) interconnect cable C21008-3 supplied with the Printing System. The cable is a standard RJ50 (10 conductor). Longer cables are available as required. Connect either end of the cable to the Carriage Assembly and securely lock in place. **NOTE: THE CONNECTOR MUST BE PLUGGED INTO THE INPUT RJ50 CONNECTOR LOCATED ADJACENT TO THE LED’S AND MARKED WITH AN ARROW POINTING TO THE CONNECTOR.** A click will be heard when the connector is in the appropriate position. Connect the free end to the Controller Assembly and ensure connector is securely seated.

**CAUTION:**
NOTE ORIENTATION OF THE CONNECTORS. DO NOT FORCE CONNECTORS INTO POSITION SECURELY LATCH (CLICK) INTO POSITION.

CONTROLLER MUST PLUG INTO THE PRINT CARRIAGE RJ50 INPUT CONNECTOR FOR PROPER OPERATION. THE PRINT CARRIAGE RJ50 OUTPUT CONNECTOR IS USED EITHER FOR CONNECTION TO THE NEXT PRINTER ON A NETWORK OR FOR EXTERNAL PRODUCT OR EXTERNAL ENCODER INPUT.

THE POWER INPUT CONNECTOR MUST BE SECURELY INSERTED INTO THE PRINT CARRIAGE. UPON PROPER INSERTION BOTH THE RED AND GREEN LED’S WILL FLASH INDICATING PROPER CONNECTION.
CONFIGURING THE PRINTER

To verify the current operating software press the STOP PRINT key.
Press the V key

| CONTROLLER 7.08 |
| PRINTER 2.08K++++ |
| PRINTER SN XXXXXX |
| EXIT ANY KEY |

The first line indicates the version of the controller software
The second line numerics indicate printer software version and the letter is the firmware version of the printer. The ‘+’ (s) following indicate options installed:

    ++++ = Fully Optioned

The third line indicates the serial number of the printer

SYSTEM RESET

Soft Reset:
There are two types of resets available in the Evolution II printing system. The first type of reset is a SOFT RESET.

Pressing the R key while applying power to the unit will display the reset command mode

*CAUTION:* A response of Y will delete all stored messages.

The next screen to appear prompts the user to determine if a print head is to be restored to its default value.

*CAUTION: ALL PRINT HEADS CONNECTED TO THE CONTROLLER WILL BE RESET TO FACTORY DEFAULT CONDITIONS. THIS INCLUDES RESETING EACH UNIT ADDRESS TO 1. TO PREVENT THIS REMOVE ALL INTERCONNECTED PRINT HEADS EXCEPT FOR THE UNIT TO BE RESET FROM THE DATA LINK.*
**Hard Reset:**
The second reset is a hard reset. Disconnect the power cable. Insert a standard paper clip into the hole on the female dovetail side of the cabinet, and while holding the paper clip in place (a light click will be felt) re-apply the power connector.
This operation will reset the print carriage assembly to the factory default settings and clear any current message.
MULTIPLE PRINT HEADS

EVOLUTION II printing systems have the ability to reside on a network. The network may contain from 1 to 32 print carriages connected via RJ50 cables. These cables are available in varying lengths depending on the application. Each mounting bracket can support up to 4 print carriages and would typically interconnect with a 6" RJ50 data cable.

NOTE: Please address each unit individually as per page 2-17 prior to daisy chaining the printers. Special care must be taken to connect the output of the first print carriage to the input of the next print carriage.

When connecting multiple print carriages place no more than 2 stations on a side of the mounting bracket as shown.
EVOLUTION II QUICK START

Connect the printer carriage to the appropriate power source.
Connect the controller to the carriage assembly. The controller derives power from the carriage.

On startup the LCD will display as pictured.

CHANGING LANGUAGE PROMPTS

Press the F4 key F4 and select 1 for LANGUAGE. Use the keys to select the desired language and press the to select the language.

ENABLING PRINT MODE

Press the GREEN PRINT key to start printing

HEAD SELECT MODE

The hand held controller can program up to 32 print carriages on an RS485 data link. The factory default sets each print carriage to ADDRESS 1. Selection of another print head other than ADDRESS 1, press the key. Use the keys to select the alternate print carriage number and press the key. The print carriage whose address was selected will respond with the current message and appropriate parameters.

As an added convenience using the will auto scan to find the next available head connected to the environment

Accessing an address not associated with any print carriage will result in a no response message.
ENTERING A MESSAGE

Press the GREEN PRINT key  
The LCD display will change from PRINTING to STOPPED.

Press the GREEN EDIT key  

Press the BLUE F3 key to delete the entire message

Press the BLUE A FONT key to select the desired font size and enter the text EXP 12/10/04
Press the ENTER key to end the MESSAGE EDIT mode

Notice as data is entered the display scrolls to the left as new characters are entered.

Press the ENTER key will end the MESSAGE EDIT mode, re-display the message end enter the STOPPED mode.

Press the GREEN print enable key to enter the print mode
### STORING A MESSAGE

**Message # 1 EV2**

**PLEASE WAIT**

Press the RED MESSAGE STORE key

The LCD display will display the message storage screen

Use the left or right arrow to select the desired storage location

Press the RED MESSAGE STORE KEY a second time and the current message appears in the selected location and is stored.

Press the ENTER key to return to the command prompt.

---

**EV2 STOPPED**

**HD 1- - >SPEED=100**

**EXP 12/**

Note: There are a total of 100 messages stored in the hand held controller. This allows the user to move the controller to another print station and enter the same or other saved message.

The upper right top line of the display indicates the unit type the message was prepared for.

**MESSAGE # 1 EV2**

**MESSAGE STORED**

**EXP 12/**

**EV2 STOPPED**

**HD 1- - >SPEED=100**

**EXP 12/**
LOADING A MESSAGE

Press the GREEN STOP PRINT KEY and

Press the RED MESSAGE STORE key and use the or keys to select the desired message and press the ENTER key

Press the GREEN print enable key to enter the print mode
**EVOLUTION II QUICK SETUP**

Install a new cartridge. Press the following keys in order:

F4  2

![REMAINING INK](image)

To reset the ink level detector press C

Each time a new print cartridge is installed the system automatically profiles the correct operating parameters for the new cartridge. These parameters set the required voltage and on time to produce consistent results without user intervention.

**NOTE:** USING OTHER THAN AUTHORIZED CARTRIDGES MAY CAUSE UNDESIRABLE RESULTS.

Press the GREEN print enable key to enter the print mode

To set the LINE SPEED, press to put the system in the Printing mode. Set character width by

AA  ◀  ▶  ◀

To set the PRINT DELAY press: to put the system in the Printing mode. Set print delay by

AA  ◀  ▶  ◀

. NOTE: Each increment or decrement changes the delay by the pre-defined amount.

You may continue to experiment with line speed and print delay until the desired code registration on the product is achieved.
PART 2: OPERATION PROCEDURES
OVERVIEW CONTROLLER AND LCD

The keypad on the print station, pictured here, contains 64 keys. The LCD will display various messages to assist in programming on the upper half of the display. The lower half of the display will show up to two lines of the entered print message.

The system operates in 3 basic modes. They are: Print Mode, Command Mode, and Message Entry Mode. In Print Mode the majority of the keys on the keypad are disabled to avoid inadvertent changes. When in Print Mode the Top line of the LCD will display PRINTING.

The Command Mode is used to change the functions of the printer. When in the Command Mode the display will show STOPPED on the top line. The Message Entry Mode is used to create or modify printable codes, when in this mode the top line of the display will show MESSAGE ENTRY.

The 4 keys on the top row are the function keys F1 through F4. They each consist of submenus for modifying various printer functions. Their specific menus are detailed later in this section.

The next two rows of keys with icon legends directly control specific parameters of the printer as follows.
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<th>Description</th>
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<td>🔄</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>🖨️</td>
<td>This is the Print key. Use it to place the unit in the Print mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🚫🚫</td>
<td>This is the Purge key. Use it to purge ink for maintenance purposes. The unit must be in the Command mode to use this key.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🗑️</td>
<td>This is the Head Select key. Use it to select the address of the head to be communicated with. In edit mode it enters the DAY of WEEK.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔽🔽🔽</td>
<td>Use this arrow to decrease values, and use it to move the cursor in the message line while editing the message.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☞☐☐</td>
<td>Use this arrow to increase values and use it to move the cursor in the message line while editing the message.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>▲▼</td>
<td>Use this arrow to move the cursor between the message lines while in Edit mode and building a message.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>▼▲</td>
<td>Use this arrow to move the cursor between the message lines while in Edit mode and building a message.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📦</td>
<td>This key is the Message Storage key. Use it to store and to recall individual codes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🗑️</td>
<td>This is the Delete key. Use it to backspace to delete a character when mistyped as well as to exit from certain menus.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📦</td>
<td>This is the Message Entry key. Use this key to enter the Message Entry mode, to input a code or to edit a code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🗓️</td>
<td>This is the Date key. Use this key to enter the Date in Message Entry Mode. (OPTION PACK 2). Change Date in STOPPED mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🕒</td>
<td>This is the Time key. Use this key to enter the Time in Message Entry Mode. (OPTION PACK 2). Change Time in STOPPED mode.</td>
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<tr>
<td>123...</td>
<td>This is the Sequence Number key. Use this key to enter the Sequence Number in Message Entry Mode. (OPTION PACK 2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔙</td>
<td>This is the Enter or Return key. When pressed, the unit will accept input and exit certain menus.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔄.....</td>
<td>This key selects the Print Delay in COMMAND mode and Offset Date in EDIT mode (OPTION PACK 3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔄..</td>
<td>This key selects the Line Speed in COMMAND mode and the shift code in the EDIT mode (OPTION PACK 3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔄</td>
<td>This key selects the Font size in the EDIT mode. In the COMMAND mode pressing this key displays the current fonts loaded in the print head.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S1</td>
<td>Pressing this key while in the Message Entry mode accesses special characters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S2</td>
<td>This key is reserved for special customer Logos</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TURNING ON THE PRINT STATION FOR THE FIRST TIME

To turn the print station on insert the power jack into the DC power connector.

There is no on/off switch.

The first time the print station is turned on, as received from the factory, the LCD will look like the illustration on the left. Each line gives important information regarding the system:

The Top line indicates the operating mode of the unit: STOPPED when in Command mode, PRINTING when in Print mode, and MESSAGE ENTRY when in message entry.

The 2nd line shows the print head currently selected, the direction of travel for the product and the programmed SPEED.

The lower half of the display shows the message entered for printing. This may represent one, two, three or four lines of code.

NOTE: THE DISPLAY IS A WYSWIG GRAPHIC TYPE AND MAY ONLY DISPLAY A PORTION OF THE ACTUAL MESSAGE.

CHECKING SYSTEM INFORMATION

Verifying system information by pressing the V key on the hand held controller keyboard. The LCD screen will display the software, firmware, serial number and options enabled. The EVOLUTION II printer is fully configured thus a ++++ will be displayed.

CHECKING LOADED FONTS

Press the FONT key in the COMMAND mode to check what fonts are currently loaded in the print head.
CHANGING SYSTEM DATE AND DAY OF WEEK CODES

When the unit is in the STOPPED mode pressing the DATE key allows the user to change the system date. If there are no changes press the N key to return to the STOPPED mode.

Press the Y key to change the date. The system will prompt the user first for the Month (enter 2 digits), then the Day (2 digits) and finally the year (2 digits).

After the date is entered the system requests the actual date day of week. This parameter is usually set to 1 for Sunday, 2 for Monday etc.

The day of the week can be entered into a message as either a number 1-7 or as a letter A-G. The day of the week is entered into a message by pressing the key while in the MESSAGE ENTRY mode.

After the data is entered the system displays the currently entered date and pressing the N key returns the user to the STOPPED mode, or press Y to the correct the date.
CHANGING SYSTEM TIME AND DATE ROLL OVER TIME

When the unit is in the STOPPED mode pressing the TIME key allows the user to change the system date. If there are no changes press the N key to return to the STOPPED mode.

Select the N key if the time is correct and return to the STOPPED mode.

Press the Y key to change to the correct time. Enter the correct hours (2 digits) followed by the correct minutes (2 digits). The screen displays the corrected time. Press the Y key to make further changes or N key to return to the STOPPED mode.

Notice the time is in 24-hour format.

The Date Change option is enabled by selecting option 2. This feature allows the date to roll over at a specified time other than 12:00AM (midnight). For example if the start of a new shift day occurs at 6:00AM the date will be changed each day at 6:00AM. Selecting Y allows changing of the roll over time. Setting this parameter to 00:00 disables the function.
Similar to entering the time enter first the hours then at the next prompt enter the minutes. Remember the time is entered in military time.

Entering 06:00 sets the date change time at 6:00AM.

Enabling this function requires resetting the current correct time.

Enter both the current time in hours and minutes. This resets the correct time and establishes a new Date Rollover Time.
PROGRAMMING

DEFINITIONS

There are two parts to programming the EVOLUTION II ink jet printer,
- Setting the operations parameters, (character width, delay, etc.) and
- Building the message.

MODES OF OPERATION

The system operates is 3 basic modes. They are: PRINTING Mode, STOPPED (command) Mode, and MESSAGE ENTRY Mode.

In PRINTING Mode the majority of the keys on the keypad are disabled to avoid inadvertent changes. When in PRINTING Mode the Top line of the LCD will display PRINTING.

The STOPPED Mode is used to change the functions of the printer. When in the Command Mode the display will show STOPPED on the top line.

The MESSAGE ENTRY Mode is used to create or modify printable codes, when in this mode the top line of the display will show MESSAGE ENTRY.

PRINT MODE AND STOPPED “COMMAND” MODE

When in the Print mode the screen will look like the screen on the left. When PRINTING is seen on the LCD, the unit will print as product passes in front of the carriage assembly. To enter Print mode, press 0.

When in the Command Mode the screen looks like the illustration at left. When STOPPED the printer will not print when product is moved past the carriage assembly.

In Command mode, access can be made to the menus under the function keys, F1 through F4 icon control keys plus access to Message Entry Mode. To enter Command mode, press 0.
MENU STRUCTURE
In the Command mode, access is allowed to the menu structure for basic parameters. The menus reside within the function keys, F1 through F4. In order to select one of the parameters, press the number key that corresponds to the desired parameter.

F1
The F1 key, when pressed, brings up the menu as shown below.

1=CHAR. SPACING
2=EXT. ENCODER
3=DATE OFFSET
4=BARCODE TYPE

F2
The F2 key, when pressed, brings up the menu as shown below.

1=DIRECTION
2=PRINT INVERSE
3=PRODUCT DETECT
4=AUTO REPEAT

F3
The F3 key, when pressed, brings up the menu as shown below.

1=PRODUCT COUNT
2=SHIFT CODE
3=DATE FORMAT
4=TIME FORMAT

F4
The F4 key, when pressed, brings up the menu as shown below.

1=LANGUAGE
2=INK SUPPLY
3=SET UNIT I.D.
4=LOAD CARD
F1 MENU

1=CHAR. SPACING
2=EXT. ENCODER
3=DATE OFFSET
4=BARCODE TYPE

Place the unit in the Command mode and press F1. The screen shown to the left is produced. Press the correct number to make changes to that parameter. Those selections designated as NOT AVAILABLE will not respond to selection. They are reserved for future system expansion.

1 = CHARACTER SPACING:

This parameter controls the amount of space between characters in the code. Spacing can be varied from 1 to 25 columns. Use this control to make printed codes more legible when code is compressed. Press the → then press ↑ or ↓ to change the value. Press ← once the desired value is displayed.

2 = EXT. ENCODER:

Press 1 to select internal time base. This parameter controls the source of the time base used for printing. Each vertical column printed requires a signal necessary to produce a character representative of the line speed of the production line. The printer can be set to produce a perfect aspect ratio character (300 dpi vertical and horizontal) or compressed by setting the print head line speed faster than the actual line speed, or expanded by changing the internal speed slower than the actual line speed.

In the event there is an acceleration or deceleration to the production line, or there is a requirement to guarantee accurate aspect ratio, such in the case of barcodes, an external encoder is necessary. Press 2 to select external encoder. While external encoder is selected the LINE SPEED key will adjust the expansion and compression of the printed message. NOTE: WHEN PRODUCING BARCODES IT IS NECESSARY TO PRODUCE A PERFECT ASPECT RATIO CHARACTER.

Swath height is 0.500 (1/2”) / 150 vertical dots = 0.0033” between vertical dots. Therefore to print a perfect aspect ratio character requires an encoder pulse every 0.0033”. The encoder range adjustment is from 0 to 7 and assuming the mean is a count of 4 then by connecting an encoder that produces a pulse for each 0.000825” the correct character aspect ratio can be achieved. This allows either compression or expansion of the printed text.
3 = DATE OFFSET:

To enter a date offset (expiration date) change the value equal to the number of days until expiration. Legal entries are 0 to 999 days. The format of the date offset can be different than a normal date and may be set with the F3 #3 option DATE FORMAT.

4 = BARCODE TYPE:

This parameter determines the barcode type to be entered into a message. As standard the EVOLUTION II contains 8 barcode symbologies, which are: UPC-A, UPC-E, EAN-8, EAN-13, CODE 39, CODE 128B, CODE 128C AND INTERLEAVED 2 OF 5.

Press or to change the barcode type and press once the desired type is displayed.

The default system parameter establishes that the normal size of a narrow bar is equal to 5 vertical columns. This value, which is variable from 3 to 15, is selectable depending on the overall length of the barcode to be printed. This value sets both the light and dark bars nominal width.

The added space parameter allows the user to insert extra columns to a normal light bar width to allow for the bleed factors associated with various substrates. Valid entries are from 0 to 3 extra spaces.

The quiet zone is the space before and after a barcode that must be kept blank. Each count is equal to one vertical column. In proper aspect ratio each column is 0.0033" thus a count of 75 would leave 0.247" before and after the barcode.

Check digits may be added to any of the imbedded symbologies by selecting option 1.
This parameter adds a man readable set of characters directly beneath the barcode being printed, and is valid for all barcode types.

If man readable characters are enabled the user has the option of enabling or disabling guard bars.

Barcode reliability is directly related to the substrate and linearity of the production line. Care should be taken to ensure that the production environment is conducive to printing barcodes. For example barcodes are susceptible to vibration (bounce) found on roller style conveyers where flat belt types are preferable. Acceleration and deceleration components will add a skew factor to the barcode as will slippage between the product and production line. Refer to Appendix A for further details on “Producing a Reliable Barcode”.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADD MAN READABLE</th>
<th>1 = YES</th>
<th>2 = NO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADD GUARD BARS</th>
<th>1 = YES</th>
<th>2 = NO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
F2 MENU

Place the unit in the Command mode and press F2. The screen shown to the left is produced. Press the correct number to make changes to that parameter.

1 - DIRECTION:

The arrow shown on the LCD’s third line screen should agree with the direction of product travel. Press ▶ or ◄ to change the direction of print. Press ◄ for the unit to accept the change.

2 - PRINT INVERSE:

This parameter allows the code to print right side up or upside down. Pressing 2 will produce the following screen. Press 1 for normal print or 2 for upside down codes. Save the choice by pressing ◄. Look for the change of direction on the imprint.

3 – PRODUCT DETECT:

This menu selection allows the user to select the source of the product detect feature. Press 1 to use the internal product detect sensor located at the front of the print carriage just below the print cartridge. If it becomes necessary to sense a portion of the product not directly in front of the print head then an external product detect sensor must be used. This setting also allows the printer to be controlled from other sources, like a PLC. When external product detect is selected the user must also change the jumper option within the print head. Refer to the OPTION SELECT section for proper use.
4 - AUTO REPEAT:

This option enables the unit to continuously print repeated codes at specified time intervals along the entire length of the product. A time of 0 disables the Auto Repeat option. Use or to change the repeat time. Each number in the time delay adds or subtracts a distance equivalent to the pre-defined setting. Save your choice by pressing . The maximum repeat spacing is 255 counts where each count is equal to 16 character columns or 0.053”. This allows for a total displacement of 13.46”. Setting a print delay that uses the same mathematical equation can increase this number. Thus a total displacement of 26.92” can be realized.
F3 MENU

1= PRODUCT COUNT
2= SHIFT CODE
3=DATE FORMAT
4=TIME FORMAT

1 – PRODUCT COUNT:

The product counter is a non-printable entity, and must be read after the end of the set time period. The counter indicates each print cycle sensed by the external photo eye. Depressing the C key may clear the counter.

If there are no changes press the N key.

To change the settings depress the Y key. All times are in Military Time 00:00 to 23:59 hours.

Enter the start time HOURS.

Entry the start time MINUTES.

The system then prompts the user for the STOP TIME.

Enter both the stop time HOURS and then the MINUTES.

The newly entered data is re-displayed for verification or correction if necessary Press the Y key to change the data or the N key to finish and return to the STOPPED MODE.
2 – SHIFT CODE:

1= PRODUCT COUNT
2= SHIFT CODE
3= DATE FORMAT
4= TIME FORMAT

Shift codes may be encoded directly in the printable message. The printer can print 6 individual shift codes. Each shift code contains a unique start time and alpha/numeric code to be printed.

Press ▶ or ◄ to change the desired shift to view or change.

The shift code option allows the user to enter 6 different shift times per day. Use the arrow keys to select a shift and enter a Y to change a shifts start time.

All times are in Military Time 00:00 to 23:59 hours.

Enter the correct start time HOURS for the shift selected.

Enter the correct start time MINUTES for the shift selected.

Finally, enter the desired code to be printed in the message. Legal characters are the letters A to Z and the numbers 0 to 9.

The printer re-displays the data for the selected shift for verification.

NOTE: THIS PROCEDURE MAY BE REPEATED FOR ALL DESIRED SHIFTS

NOTE: TO DISABLE A SHIFT ENTER A SPACE CHARACTER IN THE PRINT CODE FIELD. THE SHIFT TIMES WILL BE DISPLAYED AS --:-- FOR ALL DISABLED SHIFT TIMES.
3 – DATE FORMAT:

Press F3 to change the date formatting. Each of the following screens prompts the user to enter the desired format for printing.

NOTE: THE USER MAY INDIVIDUALLY CHANGE THE FORMAT OF BOTH THE CALENDAR FORMAT AND THE DATE OFFSET FORMAT.

NOTE: THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE APPLYS TO BOTH CALENDAR AND OFFSET DATE FORMATS.

Selecting the standard numeric format will prompt the user to enter the format of the date in standard number format.

The default as shipped from the factory is dm/dd/dy, and may be modified as required.

If the offset format was selected the word DATE is replaced with the word OFFSET.

To change the format press the delete key and the last line on the display will be erased. The entire format will be erased and must be re-entered.

Press either of the designator keys (i.e. M for month) and the display will display the correct code for the item selected. As an example enter the Julian date and year. Press the J key followed by the Y key. The code entered will print the Julian date followed by the 2-digit year. Notice no delimiters were selected, but may have been entered by selecting the appropriate key on the keyboard. Legal delimiters are the colon (:), the forward slash (/) or the period (.).
Alpha characters may have been selected by pressing option 2.

Delete the current formatting by pressing the Delete key.

Enter the desired Date Format and notice when the M (month) is selected the display shows mmm. Select the appropriate key on the keyboard by entering in the desired code. Press the Enter key to return to the STOPPED mode.

The software performs a special function allowing the user to set the current date to change only at a certain day of the week. This function is typically used in batch processing, where a batch may be prepared on Sunday and packaged from Monday through Friday of the following week.

Entering either the current date or offset date in a message will result in the initial date being printed for either function throughout the following week. Selecting option 2 returns the user to the STOPPED mode.
4 – TIME FORMAT:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1= NOT AVAILABLE</th>
<th>2= NOT AVAILABLE</th>
<th>3=DATE FORMAT</th>
<th>4=TIME FORMAT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Change the Time Format by selecting option 4.

**NOTE:** Delimiter characters like a colon code may be entered to separate fields

The factory default for time formatting is hh:mm and may be changed as required. Press the Delete key and the last line on the display is erased.

Enter the desired format by pressing the H and or M keys, and select delimiters as required. Select H if only hours are required. Press the Enter key to return to the STOPPED mode.
1 - LANGUAGE:

Press F4 and the screen will change like the one on the left. The default language is English; the other choice is Spanish. Scroll through the choices using either < or >. Once the desired language is shown on the screen, press . This will return the unit to the Command mode. Whenever language is chosen, all prompts and commands shown on the screen will be in that language.

2 - INK SUPPLY:

The second line of the display shows the percentage of ink remaining in the print cartridge. Each time a new cartridge is installed the user must reset the system ink gauge by pressing the C key.

When a C is entered the system automatically profiles the operating conditions for the new cartridge.

Each cartridge is tested and profiled at the factory eliminating the burden of personalizing each cartridge by the user. There are a number of tasks associated with print cartridge profiling, as each print cartridge differs from another. The correct drive voltage, pulse width timing and pre-fire pulse warming must be calculated for optimum operation.

**NOTE:** USING NON-AUTHORIZED CARTRIDGES MAY PRODUCE UNDESIRABLE RESULTS
3 – SET UNIT I.D.:

Each print carriage can contain a unique address to distinguish multiple carriages when controlled by a single hand held controller or computer data link using an RS485 data link. The default for each new print carriage module is ADDRESS 1. Addresses can range from 1 to 32. It is advisable when adding multiple print carriages to affix a label indicating the unique ADDRESS number of the individual carriage.

**Note:** To program a carriage it must be connected directly to the hand held controller, with no other carriages connected.
4 – LOAD CARD: 
LOADING FONTS (MENU SELECT 1)

EXECUTE LOADER
1=LOAD FONTS
2=LOAD LOGOS
3=LOAD OPTIONS

The user can replace the existing FONT, add up to six logos, or load optional software from a Data Flash card, which is plugged into the top of the print carriage. Select 1 to load a different font to replace the current system font.

LOAD FONT
1= LOAD DEFAULTS
2= LOAD ALTERNATE

The screen to the left will appear and after a few seconds a result will be displayed to indicate NOTHING LOADED or the name of the newly loaded font, logos or software upgrades.

LOAD RESULTS
PLEASE WAIT

To load or replace the current LOGOS in the system press the 2 key. Similar to loading FONTS the screen at the left will appear indicating the load results.

MEMORY ERROR
NO FLASH CARD
ANY KEY TO EXIT

This screen will be displayed if the data flash card is either not present or cannot be read. 
CHECK THAT THE DATA FLASH CARD IS PROPERLY INSTALLED

LOAD RESULTS
2 LINE fontname
1 LINE fontname
ANY KEY TO EXIT

A successful load will display the current font names loaded into the print head. This screen will be displayed when the default fonts are loaded.

LOAD RESULTS
2 AF fontname
1 AF fontname
ANY KEY TO EXIT

When loading alternate fonts the AF will replace LINE for the alternate font or fonts loaded.

NOTE: when optional fonts are loaded into the system the Data Flash Card is encoded with the serial number of the unit and is valid only for the unit in which the fonts were loaded.
LOADING LOGOS (MENU SELECT 2)

The user can replace the existing FONT, add up to six logos, or load optional software from a Data Flash card, which is plugged into the top of the print carriage. Select 2 to load logos into the print head.

EXECUTE LOADER
1=LOAD FONTS
2=LOAD LOGOS
3=LOAD OPTIONS

EXECUTE LOADER
PLEASE WAIT

MEMORY ERROR
NO FLASH CARD
ANY KEY TO EXIT

This screen will be displayed if the data flash card is either not present or cannot be read.
CHECK THAT THE DATA FLASH CARD IS PROPERLY INSTALLED

LOAD RESULTS
2 LINE  1  2  3
1 LINE  1  2  3
ANY KEY TO EXIT

Displaying the number of logos as indicated in the pictorial indicates successful loading.
The display indicates the number of logos loaded for the 1 line or 2 line mode.

LOADING OPTIONS (menu select 3)

EXECUTE LOADER
1=LOAD FONTS
2=LOAD LOGOS
3=LOAD OPTIONS

Optional software may be added via Data Flash Card to the basic unit to add features.

NOTE: when optional software is loaded into the system the Data Flash Card is encoded with the serial number of the unit and is valid only for the unit in which the software was loaded.

VERIFY SYSTEM INFORMATION
CONTROLLER  1.06
PRINTER  2.08K ++++
PRINTER SN284955
ANY KEY TO EXIT

Verify system information by pressing the V key on the hand held controller keyboard. The LCD screen will display the software, firmware, serial number and options enabled. Enabled options are indicated on the second line as a series of + characters where the first + indicates option pack 1, the second + indicates option pack 1.5 the third is option pack 2 and the last + indicates option pack 3.
NOTE: THE FIGURE BELOW SHOWS THE CORRECT ORIENTATION FOR INSERTING THE DATA FLASH CARD.


NOTE:
There are four fonts loaded into the EVOLUTION II printer at any one time. Loading a new font will overwrite the existing font or fonts. Print starts at the bottom nozzle of the print head (dot 150 for line 2) and at the middle of the print head (dot 75 line 1). The printer is shipped with a 1/2" font, a 7/32" font, a 1/8" font and a 3/32" font. The 1/2" font may be replaced with other than a 1/2" tall character. Alternate fonts that are loaded replace the existing fonts. Inserting a data flash card containing alternate fonts and cycling the power will temporarily use the alternate fonts on the data flash card until the card is removed and either the power is cycled or the print station is set to the STOPPED mode. This eliminates the need to load the alternate font using the LOAD CARD option.
SETTING PRINT DELAY AND LINE SPEED

LINE SPEED – This setting adjusts the width of the printer message on the product. This setting should be adjusted to produce the desired print on the product. Line speed can be increased or decreased to stretch or compress the message to fit the desired print area.

PRINT DELAY – This setting adjusts the location of the printed message on the product.

Access to these parameters is possible when the unit is in either the STOPPED or PRINTING mode as shown to the left.

Pressing the delay key allows the user to determine the amount of print delay. Each count at a normal aspect ratio is approximately 0.060". This will vary according the amount of compression or expansion used.

SETTING LINE SPEED

Normally, the system will be set to use the internal time base for line speed control. The default value is 100, which creates a normal width character on a line moving at 100 ft per min. The print can be narrowed by increasing the number and widened by decreasing the number. Pressing accesses this parameter. Once pressed, a new screen appears, as shown to the left. Changes can now be made by using or . The range of values for character width is 1 to 200. Once the desired number is chosen, press to save your entry.

If external encoder is enabled and the unit is in the PRINTING mode the user has the option of adjusting the compression ratio of the printer message. Changes may be made by using or . Once the desired number is chosen, press to save your entry.
SETTING PRINT DELAY

Print delay is used to position a message on the product at a location other than at the leading edge. Access this parameter by pressing on the keypad.

NOTE: This parameter may be set when the unit is either in the PRINTING or STOPPED mode.

To change the value use either or . The range of values for this parameter is 1 to 255. Each increment represents 18 columns, approximately .053” (1.35mm). Therefore, a delay of 255 would approximate 13.46” (342mm). Once a number is chosen, press to save the entry.

NOTE: THE DIMENSION INDICATED IS WHILE PRINTING A PERFECT ASPECT RATIO CHARACTER. WHEN PRINTING A COMPRESSED OR EXPANDED CHARACTER THE ACTUAL DIMENSIONAL NUMBER WILL BE DIFFERENT BUT CAN BE ESTIMATED BASED ON THE 18 COLUMNS PER COUNT.

NOTE: Setting the line speed first, then adjusting the print delay may prove to be the best starting point.

SETTING HEAD ALIGNMENT

Aligning the vertical print for messages in multiple print heads is fine-tuned with an additional feature found in either the PRINTING or STOPPED mode. Pressing the letter O on the keyboard accesses this feature. A count of 0 disables this feature while using the arrow keys allows the user to fine-tune the print head alignment. Valid selections are from 0-16.
INPUT, EDIT OR DELETE MESSAGES

To input, delete or edit a message, the unit must be in the STOPPED Mode. If the LCD reads PRINTING, press . The screen should be similar to the one shown at the left.

Enter the Message Entry mode by pressing . The top portion of the screen will change as shown on the left.

The user has two options to edit or change a message. If a new message is to be entered press the key to delete the entire existing message.

For example, to produce a single line of 1 LINE. Press the font key until the 1/2 “ font size is shown, and enter EXP followed by the key. This enters the DATE OFFSET as defined in the F1 menu.

To place two lines use the to select 2 LINE size. Press the key to delete the entire message. Press the or to select which line the data will be entered on. Enter BEST BY. The pictorial at the left shows two lines of 2 LINE character size. To enter and print only 1 line of 2 LINE select the line and enter data to that line only.

Once the message line(s) is complete, save the change by pressing .

NOTE: USE THE DATE OFFSET KEY TO ENTER AN EXPIRATION DATE.
The second option is to replace characters by using the key or moving the cursor over a character to be replaced. When the MESSAGE ENTRY mode is entered the cursor is placed at the end of the line. Pressing the key will delete the last character on the line. Successive 's will continue to delete the last character on a line.

At the left the characters 12/01/2004 were deleted.

Enter the correct data, in this case 12/31/2004.

The alternative approach if just a few characters are to change is to use the or to place the cursor over the characters to be changed and retype the correct characters. In this example the 12/31/2004 WAS CHANGED TO 12/31/2014.

Symbols are inserted by pressing . When in Message Entry mode, position the cursor where a symbol is needed and press . The screen will show a line of symbols as presented on the left. Position the cursor by pressing or on the special character to be inserted and press .

Continue to build the message or press to return to the Command mode.

EVOLUTION II messages may contain up to 4 lines of text. Selecting multiple message lines is accomplished by pressing the font key until the appropriate line designation is displayed. NOTE: barcodes may only be used in the 1 or 2 line mode. Smaller barcodes are generally un-useable under 7/32".
Enabling variable field programming requires the use of the special function keys.

To enter a date that automatically changes use the key. The current date format as set in the F3 menu is entered into the message.

To enter a time that automatically changes use the key. The current date format as set in the F3 menu is entered into the message.

Sequence numbers may be added to a message with the key. Note when the key is depressed the four ---- are changed to #### indicating a sequence number field. After entering the correct sequence number press the key to terminate the sequence field. The maximum number of digits allowable is 9 numeric characters.

Date offset codes are entered by using the key.

The correct date offset format as defined in the F3 menu is entered into the message with the key to enter a shift code. Shift codes are defined in the F3 menu and will automatically change at the appropriate shift times. The shift designator S is displayed to indicate the data entry.
Sequence number format is programmable in the STOPPED mode. The counter may be set to count either up or down by selecting number 1 or 2. Pressing enter advances the user to the next menu prompt.

Clearing the sequence field resets the counter to their initial settings.

The next prompt allows for changes in the sequence limit field. Selecting Y allows the user to enter the desired maximum (minimum for down count) count. Digits are entered via the keyboard right justified. As an example to set a maximum count of 5000 enter 5000. Pressing the DEL key allows for re-entry while pressing the ENTER key returns the user to the STOPPED mode.
Moving the cursor back over the various characters contained in the message may be used to validate the message. Note that the field designator will normally appear as - - - - indicating an alpha/numeric code as would be seen by moving the cursor under the MFG or the EXP on the second line. The same designator will be seen when the cursor is placed under any non-changeable field including the space character.

Moving the cursor under a variable programmable field will display the correct field designator in place of the - - - - alpha/numeric designator.

```
MESSAGE ENTRY
- - - - FONT- 3 LINE
BATCH 3FT4E
MFG DM/DD/DY HH:MM
EXP DM/DD/DY S 0009
```

For example, moving the cursor under the S (shift code) on the second line would display the field designator as < < < <

The various field designators displayed are:
- - - - Alpha/Numeric non-changeable data
# # # # Sequence number field
< < < < Shift code field
OM Offset date month field
OD Offset date day field
OY Offset date year field
DM Current date month field
DD Current date day field
DY Current date year field
TH Current time hour field
TM Current time minute field

**NOTE: ONLY 15 OBJECTS ARE PERMITTED ON A PARTICULAR LINE. IN THE ABOVE EXAMPLE THE FIRST LINE OF DATA MFG DM/DD/DY HH:MM CONTAINS 10 OBJECT FIELDS. FOR PURPOSES OF CLARITY THE SPACE CHARACTER IS SHOWN AS THE UNDERLINE _. CHARACTER WHERE:**

MFG_ = ALPHA/NUMERIC FIELD
DM = DATE MONTH FIELD
/ = ALPHA/NUMERIC FIELD
DD = DATE DAY FIELD
/ = ALPHA/NUMERIC FIELD
DY = DATE YEAR FIELD
_ = ALPHA/NUMERIC FIELD
HH = TIME HOURS FIELD
: = ALPHA/NUMERIC FIELD
MM = TIME MINUTES FIELD
The above constitutes 10 object fields. Even though there are 48 characters permitted per line data entry will be inhibited when the 15th object is entered, although the last field, if it is an alphanumeric object, may contain enough characters to meet the 48-character limit.

Barcodes are also an object field and must be considered when entering a message. Thus a barcode with an imbedded sequence number is counted as two objects.
Barcode fields may be entered by pressing the F4 key while in the MESSAGE ENTRY mode. The barcode insignia is indicated following the font style and the code type is displayed on the third line of the display. When the barcode entry is completed press the F4 key to end the barcode field entry. The software checks that the data entered is valid according to the barcode type selected. If the barcode entered is valid the system re-displays the barcode with a series of lined overlaying the barcode field. Barcode fields may contain a sequence number if the specified code permits such a function. Codes therefore may contain Alpha and Numeric characters, code dependent.

The barcode types are selected from the STOPPED screen and press the F4 key, and select menu option 4.

Entering a sequence number within a barcode requires a specific sequence of operations that must be adhered to:

1. ENTER THE BARCODE FIELD BY PRESSING THE F4 key.
2. ENTER ANY CHARACTERS REQUIRED PRIOR TO SEQUENCE NUMBER
3. PRESS THE SEQUENCE NUMBER KEY 123... TO BEGIN THE FIELD
4. ENTER THE APPROPRIATE SEQUENCE NUMBER
5. PRESS THE SEQUENCE NUMBER KEY 123... TO END THE FIELD
6. ENTER ANY CHARACTERS REQUIRED FOLLOWING THE SEQUENCE NUMBER
7. EXIT THE BARCODE FIELD BY PRESSING THE F4 key.

The above sequence will allow the user to imbed a sequence number into the barcode type selected.

The system contains 8 barcode types:
CODE 39
INTERLEAVED 2of5
CODE 128B and CODE 128C
UPC A and UPC E
EAN 8 and EAN 13

Each barcode type may contain man readable characters, guard bars, and check characters. All barcode characteristics are programmable and are controlled in the F1 menu option select #4.

NOTE: REFER TO APPENDIX A – PRODUCING RELIABLE BARCODES
VARIABLE FIELD FORMAT PRINTING

The EVOLUTION II printer provides the operator the capability of adding variable fields to a message. This includes TIME, DATE, SEQUENCE, DATE OFFSET and SHIFT CODE PRODUCT COUNT and BARCODES. Entering any of these special fields is accomplished with the keys.

To input, delete or edit a message, the unit must be in the STOPPED Mode. If the LCD reads PRINTING, press . The screen should be similar to the one shown at the left.

**MESSAGE ENTRY**

**FONT 1 LINE**

**EVOLU**

Enter the Message Entry mode by pressing . The top portion of the screen will change as shown on the left.

The user has two options to edit or change a message. If a new message is to be entered press the key to delete the entire existing message.

The following applies to either a 1, 2, 3 OR 4 line message.

To enter a DATE CODE depress the key. The currently formatted date code as preset under the F3 menu, is inserted into the message.

Note: the current format is displayed as mm for month, dd for day and yy for year

To enter a TIME CODE depress the key. The currently formatted time as preset under the F3 menu, is inserted into the message.

Note: the current format is displayed as hh for hours, and mm for minutes

To enter a SEQUENCE NUMBER depress the key. Enter the correct number of digits required

the depress the key again to end the sequence number field . Note during this operation the displayed next to the FONT 1 LINE indicating a sequence number field.

Press the key to end MESSAGE EDIT and return to the STOPPED MODE.
Enter the Message Entry mode by pressing [ ] . The top portion of the screen will change as shown on the left.

The user has two options to edit or change a message. If a new message is to be entered press the [ F3 ] key to delete the entire existing message.

To enter a DATE OFFSET CODE depress the [ ] key. The currently formatted date offset code as preset under the F3 menu, is inserted into the message. The correct number of days to offset are set under the F1 menu.

Ending a SHIFT CODE is accomplished by pressing the [ ] key. Shift codes are set under the F3 key. The correct alpha/numeric character preset is added to the message.

Press the [ ] key to end MESSAGE EDIT and return to the STOPPED MODE.

NOTE: Variable field data can be entered anywhere within the message and will be automatically updated at the beginning of each new print cycle.

Adding a special character or LOGO is accomplished by pressing the S1 or S2 keys and selecting the appropriate special symbol or stored logo.

Press the [ ] key and position the cursor just prior to the desired character and press the [ ] key. In this case the # character was selected. To add a stored LOGO press the S2 key and scroll through the list of stored logos and press the [ ] key. The logos are displayed by the L character. Each logo will have an L and 1,2 or 3 imbedded ' to indicate the logo selected.
PASSWORD PROTECTION

The printer contains a password function designed to limit access to the edit menu and prevent unauthorized changing of message lines. To activate this function, switch the unit off, then press and hold P while switching the unit on. The display changes and requests the default password (which is 12345). Enter the 12345.

The screen to the left appears and prompts the operator or ENABLE PASSWORD:
A response of N maintains the current password and disables password protection.

If the response Y is selected the screen at the left appears to prompt the user to enter a new password. Enter the new 5 character password. Any combination of letters and numbers may be used. Once this has been completed, the unit will not allow message editing without the entry of the password.

NOTE: If the new password is misplaced or forgotten, reset the unit.
MESSAGE STORAGE
STORING A MESSAGE

The controller is able to store up to 100 system wide programmed messages and their associated parameters. Follow these steps to store a message. Create the message and press \( \text{\textit{\textbf{\text{\textarrow}}}} \). Press \( \text{\textit{\textbf{\text{\textarrow}}}} \). Using \( \text{\textit{\textbf{\text{\textarrow}}}} \) or \( \text{\textit{\textbf{\text{\textarrow}}}} \), scroll to the desired message location number.

Press \( \text{\textit{\textbf{\text{\textarrow}}}} \) a second time. This places the message into that numeric location for recall at a later time. Use the same procedure to overwrite an existing stored message as well.

The LCD display will indicate that the message is stored. The display also defines what system type the message has been created for.

Press \( \text{\textit{\textbf{\text{\textarrow}}}} \) to exit.

NOTE: Message storage should be used after the product has been coded satisfactorily. When a message is stored all operating parameters of the printed code are saved. Once recalled, codes will be printed the same as they had been before.

The controller is capable of storing up to 99 messages, and it should be noted that all stored messages are contained in the hand held controller.

RECALLING A STORED MESSAGE

Place the unit in “Stopped” mode and press \( \text{\textit{\textbf{\text{\textarrow}}}} \). Use the \( \text{\textit{\textbf{\text{\textarrow}}}} \) or \( \text{\textit{\textbf{\text{\textarrow}}}} \) to scroll through the stored messages. Find the desired message and press \( \text{\textit{\textbf{\text{\textarrow}}}} \). That message is now displayed on the screen ready for printing.
PART 3: MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES
SHORT PERIODS OF SHUT DOWN

When the printer has been shut down overnight, the system might require a purge to clear out dust particles that have settled on the nozzle area during non-use. This is only necessary if there are missing dots in the printed code on product.

To purge be sure that the unit is in the STOPPED Mode by pressing green key. The screen changes to STOPPED as shown to left.

Place a piece of lint free wipe (or absorbant paper) in front of the print head and press the red .

Allow the unit to purge for several seconds. There is an automatic shut down after 1,000 printed columns to ensure that the print head will not be damaged. If ink residue has solidified on the nozzle area a small drop of water may be applied to the lint free wipe. When purging is complete the LCD will be returned to the STOPPED mode.

Press the green and the screen changes to PRINTING, as shown at the left. The unit is ready to begin coding.
LONG PERIODS OF SHUT-DOWN

When the printer is to be shut down for extended periods, or the ink cartridge needs to be changed to insert a different color cartridge, the ink cartridge should be removed.

Clean the print head nozzle area with a soft, lint free wipes and insure there is no ink residue remaining on the nozzle area. Re-apply the sealing tape. The print cartridge may be stored in a sealable plastic bag.

CAUTION: USE THE ORIGINAL SEALING TAPE SUPPLIED WITH THE EVOLUTION II INK CARTRIDGE. DO NOT USE ANY OTHER MATERIAL OR ANY ADHESIVE BACKED PRODUCT, AS THIS WILL DAMAGE THE NOZZLE AREA.
PRINT CARTRIDGE MAINTENANCE

It is necessary to maintain the print cartridge free from accumulated dust and debris. Periodically the cartridge should be removed and cleaned. This is totally dependent on the operating environment and the average printable life of the ink cartridge. In extremely dusty environments, this maintenance procedure may be required regularly.

To clean the cartridge, carefully clean the face of the cartridge with a soft, lint free wipe. Use caution in wiping the NOZZLE area so as not to scratch the face. Always wipe in the ARRAY PLATE vertically as indicated. Clean the CONTACT area in a similar fashion.

[Diagram showing the direction of wiping, nozzles, and contact area]
NOTE:
Ingested air or severe nozzle clogs may be eliminated with the use of the cleaning syringe/tray ordered optionally.

The photo below shows the correct procedure in using the syringe and cleaning tray. Insert the ink cartridge into the tray and securely snap into place. Place the tip of the syringe into the front of the tray. While holding the syringe securely in place gently draw back on the syringe plunger until ink flows into the syringe. Normally, it is not necessary to evacuate more than 0.1 cc of ink at a time as indicated below. Following ink withdrawal remove the syringe carefully. Remove the ink cartridge from the tray. Remove any remaining ink from the nozzle face with a lint free wipe. Place a piece of clean white paper directly in front of the print head and perform a purge function by pressing and releasing the purge key $\text{△}$. The key is activated on the release of the key. Swipe the paper quickly past the print head to expand the purge pattern so the individual droplets may be viewed.

Perform a test print and verify that all nozzles are firing correctly.
PRINT CARRIAGE MAINTENANCE

It is necessary to maintain the print head carriage free from accumulated dust and debris. Periodically the print head carriage should be inspected and cleaned. This is totally dependent on the operating environment. In extremely dusty environments, this maintenance procedure may be required occasionally but on average every week should be sufficient.

Remove the print cartridge and carefully inspect the print carriage C21001 for dust and debris. Re-insert the print cartridge and place the unit into the PRINTING mode by pressing \[ \text{[Print]} \].

EXPLODED VIEW OF THE C21002 PRINT CARRIAGE
## PART 4: TROUBLESHOOTING AND REPAIRS

### FAULTS

This chart was created to assist the user in troubleshooting the unit. Find the problem in the first column; apply the remedy(s) suggested in the third column.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Probable Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LCD remains blank.</td>
<td>No power.</td>
<td>Ensure the controller is securely connected to the correct port on the print carriage assembly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit does not print, although LCD shows information.</td>
<td>No message in unit</td>
<td>Input your message (see pages 2-18).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Unit in “COMMAND” mode.</td>
<td>Press .</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No ink.</td>
<td>Replace ink cartridge; reset ink volume parameter (press F4 and follow the sequence).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low ink indicator on with full ink cartridge.</td>
<td>Did not reset ink volume parameter.</td>
<td>Press F4. Continue key entry following menu prompts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Unit in “PRINTING” mode</td>
<td>Press Stop Print.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ink cartridge clogged</td>
<td>Clean Ink Cartridge Nozzle area with lint free wipe.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missing one or more dots from code.</td>
<td>No ink.</td>
<td>Clean or Replace cartridge and purge system (press ).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Long down-time.</td>
<td>Follow daily start-up procedure if your line experienced a long down time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit loses data while printing</td>
<td>Static electricity</td>
<td>Eliminate source of static. Attach ground strap between print head and low impedance earth ground.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>High levels of radio frequency.</td>
<td>Move unit to an alternate location or attach ground strap as above.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Spikes in electrical line.</td>
<td>Use AC line filter.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# PART 5: PARTS LIST AND OPTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>SPARE PARTS</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21001-1</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION II</strong> Controller Cabinet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21001-2</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION II</strong> Controller LCD Assembly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21001-3</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION II</strong> Controller PCB Assembly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C30238</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION II</strong> Controller Keypad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21002</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION II</strong> Print Head Carriage Assembly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21002-7</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION II</strong> Print Head Carriage CPU Assembly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21002-8</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION II</strong> Print Head Carriage POGO Assembly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21005</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION II</strong> Mounting Bracket Assembly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21000-2</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION II</strong> Power supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>OPTIONS</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96280-01</td>
<td>Floor stand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21003</td>
<td>Top Coding Mounting Bracket</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21006</td>
<td>External Product Detect</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21007</td>
<td>External Encoder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21012</td>
<td>Optional Junction Box</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EV1-FONT</td>
<td>Alternate Font (Specify when ordering)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EV1-LOGO</td>
<td>Logo Option (Specify when ordering)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CABLES</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21008-1</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION</strong> RJ50 Cable 6 INCH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21008-3</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION</strong> RJ50 Cable 3 Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21008-10</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION</strong> RJ50 Cable 10 Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21008-25</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION</strong> RJ50 Cable 25 Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21008-50</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION</strong> RJ50 Cable 50 Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C21008-100</td>
<td><strong>EVOLUTION</strong> RJ50 Cable 100 Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>INKS</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4500BK6</td>
<td>6 Pack of Black Ink Cartridges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4500RD6</td>
<td>6 Pack of Red Ink Cartridges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4500GR6</td>
<td>6 Pack of Green Ink Cartridges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4500BL6</td>
<td>6 Pack of Blue Ink Cartridges</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4500YW6  6 Pack of Yellow Ink Cartridges
4500CY6  6 Pack of Cyan Ink Cartridges
4500UV6  6 Pack of Ultra Violet Ink Cartridges

4600BK6  6 Pack of Black Ink Cartridges (SEMI-POROUS)
PART 6: COMMUNICATIONS PROTOCOL

This communication protocol covers all EVOLUTION products. Some commands are not applicable to certain units, and care must be taken in determining what valid commands are for a specific unit. Commands that reference specific units are so noted.

ASCII CHARACTER CHART

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>0</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>7</th>
<th>8</th>
<th>9</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NUL</td>
<td>SOH</td>
<td>STX</td>
<td>ETX</td>
<td>EOT</td>
<td>ENQ</td>
<td>ACK</td>
<td>BEL</td>
<td>BS</td>
<td>HT</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>VT</td>
<td>FF</td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>SO</td>
<td>SI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DLE</td>
<td>DC1</td>
<td>DC2</td>
<td>DC3</td>
<td>DC4</td>
<td>NAK</td>
<td>SYN</td>
<td>ETB</td>
<td>CAN</td>
<td>EM</td>
<td>SUB</td>
<td>ESC</td>
<td>FS</td>
<td>GS</td>
<td>RS</td>
<td>US</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SP</td>
<td>!</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>&amp;</td>
<td>'</td>
<td>( )</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>,</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>/</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>H</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>J</td>
<td>K</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>Q</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>T</td>
<td>U</td>
<td>V</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Z</td>
<td>[</td>
<td>\</td>
<td>]</td>
<td>^</td>
<td>_</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>`</td>
<td>a</td>
<td>b</td>
<td>c</td>
<td>d</td>
<td>e</td>
<td>f</td>
<td>g</td>
<td>h</td>
<td>i</td>
<td>j</td>
<td>k</td>
<td>l</td>
<td>m</td>
<td>n</td>
<td>o</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>q</td>
<td>r</td>
<td>s</td>
<td>t</td>
<td>u</td>
<td>v</td>
<td>w</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>y</td>
<td>z</td>
<td>{</td>
<td></td>
<td>}</td>
<td>~</td>
<td>DEL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DESCRIPTION
This communication protocol is based on Version 1.4, which was released NOV 2005 and is used with all EVOLUTION products. The communications option converses with a host computer via an RS485 data link.

NOTE: EACH REQUEST OR COMMAND SENT TO A PRINT STATION RECEIVES A RESPONSE FROM THAT PRINT STATION. COMMUNICATIONS SOFTWARE MUST WAIT FOR A RESPONSE TO DETERMINE IF THE PRINT STATION WAS READY TO ACCEPT THE COMMAND, AND THE DATA WAS VALID AND PROCESSED. NO RESPONSE COULD INDICATE THE DATA WAS LOST. IF AN ERROR WAS DETECTED IN PROCESSING A NAK WITH AN ERROR CODE IS RETURNED.

DATA WORD DEFINITION
Full Duplex
7 Data Bits
1 Even Parity Bit
1 Start Bit
1 Stop Bit

BAUD RATE
115,200 Bits per second

DEFINITIONS
Q=QUERY TO HEAD
R=RESPONSE FROM HEAD
D=DATA UPDATE TO HEAD
X=ACK FROM HEAD
‘!’=ASCII CHARACTER OR CHARACTERS
0x21 HEX DATA EQUIVALENT
ADDRESS= TWO ASCII REPRESENTATIONS OF HEX CHARACTERS
`x`|`y` TWO ASCII CHARACTERS REPRESENTING THE UPPER AND LOWER NIBBLE OF A HEXADECIMAL BYTE WHERE X IS THE UPPER NIBBLE AND Y IS THE LOWER NIBBLE

FOR EXAMPLE:
TO SEND A SPEED OF 165 FEET PER MINUTE SEND – ASCII ¦ AND ASCII 5 WHICH WOULD BE 0x3A AND 0x35 HEXADECIMAL
TO SEND A DELAY OF 30 SEND – ASCII 3 AND ASCII 0 WHICH WOULD BE 0x33 AND 0x30 HEXADECIMAL

CABLING FOR EVLINK ENVIRONMENT
C20552 RS232C to RS485 converter module
C20551 Cable from PC to RS485 converter module
C21008-xxxx Cable (define length) from EVOLUTION units to RS485 data link
C21009 Termination plug for RS485 data link
HARDWARE INTERFACE
When connecting multiple print carriages via an RS485 link, input and output
connectors are provided on the print station, which allows the cabling to be daisy
chained. NOTE: It is important to remember to set each of the print stations to a
unique address.

PHYSICAL CONNECTIONS RS485 PRINT CARRIAGE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin #</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Receive +</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Receive -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Transmit +</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Transmit -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Ground</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: At the end of the data link a termination plug is installed to balance the
RS485 data link-connecting pin 4 to pin 5 and pin 6 to pin 7 with 120-ohm.

PROTOCOL FORMAT:
Host request for information;
ESC|Command|SOH|EOT  (Single End Host to 1 printer)
Or
ESC|STX|Address|Command|SOH|EOT  (Multiple printers)

Host sending new information;
ESC|Command|Data|EOT  (Single End Host to 1 printer)
Or
ESC|STX|Address|Command|Data|EOT  (Multiple printers)

EVOLUTION PRINTABLE CHARACTER SET
A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Special Symbols:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ASCII Character</th>
<th>Hexadecimal</th>
<th>Prints As</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Space</td>
<td>(0x20)</td>
<td>Space</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>!</td>
<td>(0x21)</td>
<td>Hour Glass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#</td>
<td>(0x23)</td>
<td>#</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$</td>
<td>(0x24)</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&amp;</td>
<td>(0x26)</td>
<td>&amp;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(</td>
<td>(0x28)</td>
<td>(</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>)</td>
<td>(0x29)</td>
<td>)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*</td>
<td>(0x2a)</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+</td>
<td>(0x2b)</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>(0x2d)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.</td>
<td>(0x2e)</td>
<td>Period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>=</td>
<td>(0x3d)</td>
<td>=</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>:</td>
<td>(0x3a)</td>
<td>:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SOFTWARE PROTOCOL

In the following pages, all references to characters or digits pertain to the standard ASCII character set. The bar (|) character is used as a field separator and it is not part of the transferred data. When data is shown in hexadecimal, it will consist of the hex number preceded by a 0x, for example (0x1B). Generally, all packets to and from a print station begin with an ESC (0x1B) and terminate with an EOT (0x04).

There are two types of commands:
- Downloading information to the print station
- Requesting information from the print station.

To distinguish the two types of commands, a SOH (0x01) is placed after the command byte in a request command string. The following illustrates this concept:

To download data to print station
ESC/GROUP ADDRESS/UNITADDRESS/COMMAND/DATA/EOT

To request data from the Print Station
ESC/GROUP ADDRESS/UNITADDRESS/COMMAND/SOH/EOT

NOTE: EACH REQUEST OR COMMAND SENT TO A PRINT STATION RECEIVES A RESPONSE FROM THAT PRINT STATION. COMMUNICATIONS SOFTWARE MUST WAIT FOR A RESPONSE TO DETERMINE IF THE PRINT STATION WAS READY TO ACCEPT THE COMMAND, AND THE DATA WAS VALID AND PROCESSED. NO RESPONSE COULD INDICATE THE DATA WAS LOST. IF AN ERROR WAS DETECTED IN PROCESSING A NAK WITH AN ERROR CODE IS RETURNED.

ERROR CODES

Commands to a print station, if completed successfully, return a single byte response of an ASCII ACK (0x06). If the command was not successful, a two-byte response of an ASCII NAK (0x15) is returned, followed by an error code. Below is a list of the returned error codes.

<p>| NAK 1   | = NOT USED       |
| NAK 2   | = Illegal Command Byte |
| NAK 3   | = NOT USED       |
| NAK 4   | = NOT USED       |
| NAK 5   | = Trying to write a read only register |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAK 6</th>
<th>= Print station buffer full must print before next download to clear buffer.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NAK 7</td>
<td>= NOT USED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAK 8</td>
<td>= NOT USED</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
COMMANDS:

'!' 0x21 Software Version (read only)
(EV I, EV II, EV SC)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|'!'|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|[PRINTER ffffssss]|CR|EOT
Where:
PRINTER= ASCII string
EV1 for EVOLUTION I
EV2 for EVOLUTION II
EVSC for EVOLUTION SC
ffff = Software and Firmware versions
(eg. 2.02H indicates version 2.02 with Firmware version H)
ssss = Optional Software loaded
Where: (for EV I only)
The first y indicates option pack 1
The second y indicates option pack 2
The third y indicates option pack 1.5
The last y is reserved for future expansion
Where: (for EV II and EV SC)
Both units are standard with all options thus a ++++ will be returned

'#' 0x23 Printer Configuration (Read only)
(EV I, EV II, EV SC)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|'#'|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|'#'|x'|y'|EOT
Where Byte x Bits 3,2,1,0
Bit 3 = if 1 Cartridge Not Valid
Bit 2 = Not Used
Bits 1,0 = System Type
11 = Evolution 1
10 = Evolution 2
01 = Evolution 3
00 = Evolution Small Character
Where Byte y Bits 3,2,1,0
0000 = no options available
0001 = option1 enabled
0010 = option2 enabled
0100 = option3 enabled

'\' 0x5c Unit Serial Number (Read only 6 digits)
(EV I, EV II, EV SC)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|'\'|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|'\'|serial number|CR|EOT
'l' 0x6c Special Field Flags
(EV II, EV SC AND EVI WITH OP1 AND ABOVE)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|'l'|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|'l'|'x'|'y'|EOT
Where: x defines bits 7,6,5,4
  Bit 7 = don't care
  Bit 6 = don't care
  Bit 5 = 1 = No guard bars
  Bit 4 = 1 = Man read added to barcode
Where: y defines bits 3,2,1,0
  Bit 3 = 1 = Bar checksum added to barcode
  Bit 2 = 0 = Calendar will only change on 1st day of week
  Bit 1 = 1 = Day of the week is alpha
  Bit 0 = 1 = counting down

D. ESC|STX|Address|'l'|'x'|'y'|EOT
X. ESC|STX|Address|'l'|ACK|EOT

'8' 0x38 Control Flags
(EV I, EV II, EV SC)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|'8'|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|'8'|'x'|'y'|EOT
Where: x defines bits 7,6,5,4
  Bit 7  1 = Head busy printing message
  Bit 6  1 = Print image inverted
  Bit 5  1 = Head busy manual cycle
  Bit 4  1 = Head busy purging
Where: y defines bits 3,2,1,0
  Bit 3  1 = External Encoder
  Bit 2  1 = External Product Detect
  Bit 1  1 = Direction forward
  Bit 0  1 = Enable print mode

D. ESC|STX|Address|'8'|'x'|'y'|EOT
X. ESC|STX|Address|'8'|ACK|EOT
Where: x defines bits 7,6,5,4
  Bit 7  Don't Care
  Bit 6  1 = Print image inverted
  Bit 5  Don't Care
  Bit 4  Don't Care
Where: y defines bits 3,2,1,0
  Bit 3  1 = External Encoder
  Bit 2  1 = External Product Detect
  Bit 1  1 = Direction forward
  Bit 0  1 = Enable print mode
‘G’  0x47 Errors (note: error codes must be reset)
(EV I, EV II, EV SC)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|‘G’|SOH||EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|‘G’|’x’|’y’|EOT
   Where: x defines bits 7,6,5,4
   Bit 7 = UART Overrun Error
   Bit 6 = Communication Overrun Error
   Bit 5 = UART Framing Error
   Bit 4 = UART Parity Error
   Where: y defines bits 3,2,1,0
   Bit 3 = Font checksum error loading from card to chip
   Bit 2 = Font 1 checksum error in Ram
   Bit 1 = Font 0 checksum error in Ram
   Bit 0 = Real Time Clock Memory error

TO RESET ERROR CODES
D. ESC|STX|Address|‘G’|’x’|’y’|EOT
   same bit positions as above
   use only as a mask to clear error bits.
   i.e.  x = 0001 and y = 0001 clears real time clock memory error and UART parity error.
X. ESC|STX|Address|‘G’|ACK|EOT

‘R’  0x52 Head Status (read only)
(EV I, EV II, EV SC)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|‘R’|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|‘R’|’x’|’y’|EOT
   Where: x defines bits 7,6,5,4
   Bit 7 = Not Used
   Bit 6 = Latched eye active
   Bit 5 = Unfiltered eye active
   Bit 4 = Product being printed
   Where y defines bits 3,2,1,0
   Bit 3 = auto repeat print gap active
   Bit 2 = Not Used
   Bit 1 = Input buffer Line 2 full
   Bit 0 = Input buffer Line 1 full

‘B’  0x42 Set Unit Address (Write Only)
(EV I, EV II, EV SC)
D. ESC|STX|Address|‘B’|’x’|’y’|EOT
X. ESC|STX|Address|‘B’|ACK|EOT
   Where x y = 8 bit unit address
   i.e.  x = 0x31 & y = 0x35 yields unit address 15
'1'  0x31 Auto Repeat Inter-print delay (Range 0 - 255)
(EV II, EV SC AND EVI with any option pack)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|`1'|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|`1`|`x`|`y`|EOT

D. ESC|STX|Address|`1`|`x`|`y`|EOT
X. ESC|STX|Address|`1`|ACK|EOT
0 = Auto Repeat Disabled
Each count provides a delay equal to 16 columns for EV I and EV II.
Each count provides a delay equal to 2 columns for EV SC.

'&'  0x26 Line Speed  (RANGE 10-200)
(EV I, EV II, EV SC)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|`&`|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|`&`|`x`|`y`|EOT

D. ESC|STX|Address|`&`|`x`|`y`|EOT
X. ESC|STX|Address|`&`|ACK|EOT

'd'  0x64 Encoder Divider (Range 0-7)
(EV I, EV II, EV SC)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|`d`|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|`d`|`x`|`y`|EOT

D. ESC|STX|Address|`d`|`x`|`y`|EOT
X. ESC|STX|Address|`d`|ACK|EOT

'''  0x27 Product Delay (RANGE 1-255)
(EV I, EV II, EV SC)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|0x27`|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|0x27`|`x`|`y`|EOT

D. ESC|STX|Address|0x27`|`x`|`y`|EOT
X. ESC|STX|Address|0x27`|ACK|EOT

')'  0x29 Inter-Character spaces (RANGE 1-25)
(EV I, EV II, EV SC)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|`)`|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|`)`|`x`|`y`|EOT

D. ESC|STX|Address|`)`|`x`|`y`|EOT
X. ESC|STX|Address|`)`|ACK|EOT
'>' 0x3E Head Align (Range 0 - 16)  'O' on keyboard
     (EV II only)
 Q. ESC|STX|Address|>\>|SOH|EOT
 R. ESC|STX|Address|>\>|x\>|y\>|EOT
 D. ESC|STX|Address|>\>|x\>|y\>|EOT
 X. ESC|STX|Address|>\>|ACK|EOT

'4' 0x34 Sequence Number Rollover Value
     (EV II, EV SC AND EV1 with version 2.09 and OP2 or 3)
 Q. ESC|STX|Address|`4`|SOH|EOT
 R. ESC|STX|Address|`4`|{#########}|CR|EOT
     where ######### = rollover value in ascii
 D. ESC|STX|Address|`4`|{#########}|CR|EOT
 X. ESC|STX|Address|`4`|ACK|EOT

'[' 0x5b DATE_ROLLOVER
     (EV II, EV CS AND EV1 with version 2.09 and OP2 or 3)
 Q. ESC|STX|Address|`[`|SOH|EOT
 R. ESC|STX|Address|`[`|x\>|y\>\>|x1\>|y1\>|EOT
     Where:
     |x\>|y\>          = Time of Day Hours
     |x1\>|y1\>        = Time of Day Minutes
 D. ESC|STX|Address|`[`|x\>|y\>\>|x1\>|y1\>|EOT
 X. ESC|STX|Address|`[`|ACK|EOT

‘3’ 0x31 Days until Expiration (max 999)
     (EV II, EV SC AND EVI WITH OP3)
 Q. ESC|STX|Address|`3`|SOH|EOT
 R. ESC|STX|Address|`3`|aaaa\>|EOT
     Where: each set of 2 ASCII characters represent the upper and
     lower nibble of a packed BCD byte
 D. ESC|STX|Address|`3`|aaaa\>|EOT
     Where: each set of 2 ASCII characters represent the upper and
     lower nibble of a packed BCD byte
 X. ESC|STX|Address|`3`|ACK|EOT

'r' 0x52 Remaining Ink (0 to 99%)
     (EV I, EV II, EV SC)
 Q. ESC|STX|Address|`R` |SOH|EOT
 R. ESC|STX|Address|`R` |x\>|y\>|EOT
‘0’ 0x30 Shift Code (max 6 shift codes) 
(EV II, EV SC AND EVI WITH OP3) 
Q. ESC|STX|Address|‘0’|SOH||EOT 
R. ESC|STX|Address|‘0’|hh mm’|{zz}|......|CR|EOT 
Where: each set of 2 ASCII characters represent the upper and 
lower nibble of a packed BCD byte
  ...... = pattern repeat for each shift code programmed
  hh = shift start hours
  mm = shift start minutes
  zz = shift code to print

D. ESC|STX|Address|‘0’|hhmm’|{z}|CR|EOT 
Where: each set of 2 ASCII characters represent the upper and
 lower nibble of a packed BCD byte
  hh = shift start hours
  mm = shift start minutes
  zz = shift code to print

X. ESC|STX|Address|‘0’|ACK|EOT

‘/’ 0x2f Product Counter (6 Digits Max) 
(EV II, EV SC AND EVI WITH OP3) 
Q. ESC|STX|Address|‘/’|SOH|EOT 
R. ESC|STX|Address|‘/’|HH MM hh mm’|{cccccc}|CR|EOT 
Where: each set of 2 ASCII characters represent the upper and
 lower nibble of a packed BCD byte
  HH = Product counter start hours
  MM = Product counter start minutes
  hh = Product counter stop hours
  mm = Product counter stop minutes
  ccccccc = counter (6 Digits Max)

D. ESC|STX|Address|‘/’|ww xx yy zz’|{cccccc}|CR|EOT 
Where: each set of 2 ASCII characters represent the upper and
 lower nibble of a packed BCD byte
  HH = Product counter start hours
  MM = Product counter start minutes
  hh = Product counter stop hours
  mm = Product counter stop minutes
  ccccccc = counter

X. ESC|STX|Address|‘/’|ACK|EOT
SPECIAL FIELD OBJECTS
Message Objects define special characteristics about the messages contained in line 1 or line 2. These may define for example font size, sequence number, date code, etc. There may be up to 15 Objects (special fields) for each line in a message with the limitation that there can only be 1 sequence number imbedded in a message.

'P' 0x50 Message Objects
(EV I, EV II, EV SC)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|'P'|SOH|aabb|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|'P'|"aa bb cc dd ee ff gggg hhhh'|EOT
Where: each set of 2 ASCII characters represent the upper and lower nibble of a byte
aa = objects for which line 0 or 1
bb = number of objects transmitted. (Max 15)
Each object as defined by bb: (repeat the for each object)
cc = Position within message string
dd = Number of characters in object
ee = Attribute of the object
Where:

ee= 00 Normal Alpha/Numeric character
ee= 01 Time Hours
ee= 02 Time Minutes
ee= 03 Time Seconds
ee= 04 Date Month
ee= 05 Date Day
ee= 06 Date Year
ee= 07 Date Julian
ee= 08 Sequence Number (1 per message)
ee= 09 Bar code
ee= 0A Shift Code
ee= 0B Expiration Date Month
ee= 0C Alpha Date Code
ee= 0D Expiration Date Year
ee= 0E Expiration Date Julian
ee= 0F Expiration Date Day
ee= 10 Day of Week (1-7)
ee= 80 Bar Code Attribute (EV II only)

The above constitutes 10 object fields. Even though there are 48 characters permitted per line data entry will be inhibited when the 15th object is entered, although the last field, if it is an alpha/numeric object, may contain enough characters to meet the 48-character limit.
Barcodes are also an object field and must be considered when entering a message. Thus a barcode with an imbedded sequence number is counted as two objects.
'P' 0x50 Message Objects (continued)

ff  = font of object
Where: for EV I AND EV II
ff= 00 for 2 Line Font
ff= 01 for 1 Line Font
ff= 02 for 3 Line Font (EV II only)
ff= 03 for 4 Line Font (EV II only)

Where: for EVSC ONLY
ff= 00 for S5 Font
ff= 01 for S7 Font
ff= 02 for B7 Font
ff= 03 for S12 Font
ff= 04 for B12 Font

gggg  = starting column of object in printed image (reserved)
hhhh  = starting row of object in printed image (reserved)

D. ESC|STX|Address|'P'|aa bb cc dd ee ff gggg hhhh|EOT
X. ESC|STX|Address|'P'|ACK|EOT

NOTE: TO ENTER A LOGO CALLOUT INTO A MESSAGE USE
THE ASCII CHARACTERS 0x7B FOR LOGO1 0x7C FOR LOGO 2
AND 0x7D FOR LOGO 3

'\$' 0x24 Line 1 Message
(EV I max 24 characters – 48 characters OP1.5, 2 or 3)
(EV II max 48 characters)
(EV SC max 96 characters)

Q. ESC|STX|Address|$|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|$|{message}|CR|EOT

D. ESC|STX|Address|$|{message}|CR|EOT
X. ESC|STX|Address|$|ACK|EOT

'\%' 0x25 Line 2 Message
(EV I max 24 characters – 48 characters OP1.5, 2 or 3)
(EV II max 48 characters)
(EV SC max 96 characters)

Q. ESC|STX|Address|\%|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|\%|{message}|CR|EOT

D. ESC|STX|Address|\%|{message}|CR|EOT
X. ESC|STX|Address|\%|ACK|EOT
'w' 0x77 Line 3 Message (max 24 characters)  
(EV II only max 48 characters)  
Q. ESC|STX|Address|`$`|SOH|EOT  
R. ESC|STX|Address|`$`|{message}|CR|EOT  

D. ESC|STX|Address|`$`|{message}|CR|EOT  
X. ESC|STX|Address|`$`|ACK|EOT  

'z' 0x7a Line 4 Message (max 24 characters)  
(EV II only max 48 characters)  
Q. ESC|STX|Address|`$`|SOH|EOT  
R. ESC|STX|Address|`$`|{message}|CR|EOT  

D. ESC|STX|Address|`$`|{message}|CR|EOT  
X. ESC|STX|Address|`$`|ACK|EOT  

'\:' 0x3A Logo1 Name (read only - max 9 characters)  
(EV I, EV II)  
Q. ESC|STX|Address|`:`|SOH|`x`|`y`|EOT  
R. ESC|STX|Address|`:`|{logo name}|CR|EOT  
Where: x = don't care  
  y = Bit 0 = 0 = Logo Name in Font 0  
                    1 = Logo Name in Font 1  
  Bit 1 = 0 = Get Name from on board data flash chip  
                    1 = Get Name from Data Flash card  

';' 0x3B Logo2 Name (read only - max 9 characters)  
(EV I, EV II)  
Q. ESC|STX|Address|`;`|SOH|`x`|`y`|EOT  
R. ESC|STX|Address|`;`|{logo name}|CR|EOT  
Where: x = don’t care  
  y = Bit 0 = 0 = Logo Name in Font 0  
                    1 = Logo Name in Font 1  
  Bit 1 = 0 = Get Name from on board data flash chip  
                    1 = Get Name from Data Flash card  

'<' 0x3C Logo3 Name (read only - max 9 characters)  
(EV I, EV II)  
Q. ESC|STX|Address|`<`|SOH|`x`|`y`|EOT  
R. ESC|STX|Address|`<`|{logo name}|CR|EOT  
Where: x = don’t care  
  y = Bit 0 = 0 = Logo Name in Font 0  
                    1 = Logo Name in Font 1  
  Bit 1 = 0 = Get Name from on board data flash chip  
                    1 = Get Name from Data Flash card
'Q' 0x51  Starting Sequence Number (max. length 9 digits)  
(EV II, EV SC AND EV1 with version 2.09 and after)  
Q. ESC|STX|Address|`Q`|SOH|EOT  
R. ESC|STX|Address|`Q`|{zzzzzzzzzz}|CR|EOT  
Where:  
zzzzzzzzzz = ASCII string which is the starting sequence  
number to print.  

D. ESC|STX|Address|`Q`|{zzzzzzzzzz}|CR|EOT  
X. ESC|STX|Address|`Q`|ACK|EOT

'2' 0x32  Date and Time Setting / Reading  
(EV I, EV II, EV SC)  
Q. ESC|STX|Address|`2`|SOH|EOT  
R. ESC|STX|Address|`2`|`aa bb cc dd ee ff gg'|EOT  
Where: each set of 2 ASCII characters represent the upper and  
lower nibble of a packed BCD byte  
aa= Time of Day Seconds (not used)  
bb= Time of Day Minutes  
cc= Time of Day Hours  
dd= Day of Week  
ee= Date Day  
ff = Date Month  
gg= Date Year  

D. ESC|STX|Address|`2`|`aa bb cc dd ee ff gg'|CR|EOT  
X. ESC|STX|Address|`2`|ACK|EOT

'u' 0x75  Store message in non-volatile memory  (Write only)  
(EV I, EV II, and EV SC)  
D. ESC|STX|Address|`u`| EOT  
X. ESC|STX|Address|`u`|ACK|EOT
NOTE: THE FOLLOWING CODES ARE SPECIFIC TO EVOLUTION II ONLY

'"' 0x22 Minimum Bar Width (Range 3-15 Data matrix 2-15) Default 5
Q. ESC|STX|Address|""|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|""|x|y|EOT
D. ESC|STX|Address|""|x|y|EOT
X. ESC|STX|Address|""|ACK|EOT

'. ' 0x2e Bleed Compensation (Range 0 - 3) Default 0
Q. ESC|STX|Address|.|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|.|x|y|EOT
D. ESC|STX|Address|.|x|y|EOT
X. ESC|STX|Address|.|ACK|EOT

'**' 0x28 Quiet Zone (Range 0 - 150) Default 75
Q. ESC|STX|Address|**|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|**|x|y|EOT
D. ESC|STX|Address|**|x|y|EOT
X. ESC|STX|Address|**|ACK|EOT

'n' 0x6e Type of Barcode (read only)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|n|SOH|EOT
R. ESC|STX|Address|n|x|y|EOT
where
x = number of available barcodes
y = type of barcode
0= CODE39
1= TWO OF FIVE
2= CODE 128B
3= CODE 128C
4= UPCA
5= UPCE
6= EAN8
7= EAN13
8= DATAMATRIX
'?' 0x3F Barcode Name (read only)
Q. ESC|STX|Address|`?`|SOH|`x`|`y`|`x1`|`y1`|EOT
   Where:
     `x`\`y` = Barcode type as in 'n' command
     `x1`\`y1` = don't care
R. ESC|STX|Address|`?`|[BARCODENAME]|CR|EOT
    where BARCODENAME = Ascii name of type of barcode

'=' 0x3d Barcode Verify
D. ESC|STX|Address|=``|`x`\`y`|[BARCODESTRING]|CR|EOT
   x = don't care
   y = type of barcode (same as 'n' command)
   BARCODESTRING = Barcode Ascii data
X. ESC|STX|Address|=``|`xy`|EOT
   where
     if barcode verifies
       ESC|STX|Address|=``|ACK|EOT
     if barcode doesn't verify
       ESC|STX|Address|=``|NAK|{9}|EOT
Example written in C to query a print station to determine the line speed.

```
// Query Print Station Address 7 for Line Speed
putchar(0x1b);   // Send out ESC
putchar(0x02);   // Send out STX
putchar(0x30);   // Send out upper nibble of address 07
putchar(0x37);   // Send out lower nibble of address 07
putchar(0x26);   // Send out a '&' command
putchar(0x01);   // Send out SOH
putchar(0x04);   // Send out EOT

// Get results from print station
{
    unsigned char dummy,speed;
    dummy = getchar();   // Get ESC
    dummy = getchar();   // Get STX
    dummy = getchar() << 4;   // Get upper nibble of address
    dummy |= getchar() & 0x0f; // Get lower nibble of address
    if(dummy == our_address)
    {
        dummy = getchar();   // Get command
        speed = getchar() << 4;   // Get upper nibble of speed
        speed |= getchar() & 0x0f; // Get lower nibble of speed
        dummy = getchar();   // Get EOT
    } else {
        // error handler (not our address)
    }
}
```
Example written in C to send a line speed to a print station

// Send Print Head Address 2 Line Speed of 100 feet per minute.
putchar(0x1b); // Send out ESC
putchar(0x02); // Send out STX
putchar(0x30); // Send out upper nibble of address
putchar(0x32); // Send out lower nibble of address
putchar(0x26); // Send out '& ' command
putchar(0x36); // Send out upper nibble for Line Speed 100
putchar(0x34); // Send out lower nibble for Line Speed 100
putchar(0x04); // Send out EOT

// Get results from print station
{
unsigned char dummy;

dummy = getchar(); // Get ESC
dummy = getchar(); // Get STX
dummy = getchar() << 4; // Get upper nibble of address
dummy |= getchar() & 0x0f; // Get lower nibble of address
if(dummy == our_address)
{
    dummy = getchar(); // Get command
dummy = getchar(); // Get ACK for print station
    if(dummy == ACK)
    {
        // error handler (didn't get acknowledgement from printer)
    } else {
        dummy = getchar(); // Get EOT
    }
} else {
    // error handler (not our address)
}
}
Example written in VB to send a new message to a print station.

```vbnet
Public Sub DoMessage()
    DATA$ = "800": GETINFODATA: Rem DISABLE PRINT MODE
    DATA$ = "&32": GETINFODATA: Rem SET LINE SPEED TO 50
    DATA$ = "P010100001000000000000000": GETINFODATA: Rem SET OBJECTs
    DATA$ = "%ABCDEFGHIJ" & Chr$(&HD): GETINFODATA: Rem SEND MESSAGE
End Sub

Public Sub GETINFODATA() : : Rem SENDS A COMMAND AND GETS A RESPONSE
    RESPONSE$ = "": COMM.InBufferCount = 0
    COMM.Output = ESC & STX & "01" & DATA$ & EOT
    Timer.Enabled = True: TIMERFLAG = False
    GETINFO:
        Do
            DoEvents
            If TIMERFLAG = True Then GoTo TCOMMERROR
        Loop Until COMM.InBufferCount >= 1
        RESPONSE$ = RESPONSE$ & COMM.Input
        If InStr(RESPONSE$, Chr$(&H15)) > 0 Then GoTo GETDATAERROR:
            Rem A NAK WAS RECEIVED
        If InStr(RESPONSE$, Chr$(&H4)) = 0 Then GoTo GETINFO
            Rem AN EOT WAS RECEIVED
            RESPONSE$ = Mid$(RESPONSE$, 6, Len(RESPONSE$))
            Rem DELETE ADDRESS HEADER
            Timer.Enabled = False
            Rem WE NOW HAVE A VALID RESPONSE
            Exit Sub
        GETDATAERROR:
            Timer.Enabled = False: TIMERFLAG = False
            GoTo PROCESSERROR
        GETINFO:
            Timer.Enabled = False: TIMERFLAG = False
            GoTo TCOMMERROR
        PROCESSERROR:
            If RESPONSE$ = "" Then RESPONSE$ = "0" Else RESPONSE$ = Right$(RESPONSE$, 1):
            Rem GET THE ERROR CODE
            Select Case (RESPONSE$)
                Case 0
                    MSG$ = "NO RESPONSE FROM UNIT"
                Case 1
                    MSG$ = "TRANSMISSION ERROR"
                Case 2
                    MSG$ = "ILLEGAL COMMAND"
                Case 3
                    MSG$ = "TRYING TO PRINT WHILE IN COMMAND MODE"
                Case 4
                    MSG$ = "TRYING TO READ A WRITE ONLY REGISTER"
                Case 5
                    MSG$ = "TRYING TO WRITE A READ ONLY REGISTER"
                Case 6
                    MSG$ = "UNIT INPUT BUFFER FULL"
                Case 7
                    MSG$ = "UNIT IN EDIT MODE"
                Case 8
                    MSG$ = "PRINT STATION BUSY TRY AGAIN"
            End Select
```

MsgBox MSG$
    COMM.InBufferCount = 0: Rem FLUSH THE INPUT BUFFER
End Sub

THE ABOVE VB ROUTINES DEMONSTRATE THE ENTIRE SEQUENCE OF:
PREPARING DATA TO SEND TO THE HEAD
SENDING THE DATA TO THE HEAD
WAIT FOR A RESPONSE
DETERMINE IF THE DATA WAS ACCEPTED OR REJECTED
PART 7: OPTION JUMPERS AND CABLELING

OPTION JUMPER DESCRIPTIONS

Factory default for all jumper settings is in the ON position. To remove a jumper in the OFF position place the jumper on a single pin for future use.

VSEL J7

This jumper when in the ON position supplies a +12vdc source on the RJ50 input connector. The hand held controller uses this source for power. Removing this jumper prevents the +12vdc source from exiting on pin 2 and possibly damaging other external control devices.

ENSEL J9

When this jumper is in the ON position the external encoder signal connected to the RJ50 output connector is passed through the print carriage to the RJ50 input connector. This allows the same encoder signal to drive several print carriages. If this is not desired remove the jumper.

PRSEL J10

When this jumper is in the ON position the external product detect signal connected to the RJ50 output connector is passed through the print carriage to the RJ50 input connector. This allows the same product detect signal to drive several print carriages. If this is not desired remove the jumper.
JUMPER LOCATION

**EXTERNAL ENCODER**
ENCEL J9
ON = PASS THRU
OFF = FLOAT OUTPUT

**EXTERNAL PRODUCT DETECT**
PRSEL J10
ON = PASS THRU
OFF = FLOAT OUTPUT

**VOLTAGE SELECT**
VSEL J7
ON = +12 OUTPUT
OFF = FLOAT OUTPUT
OPTION CABLE DESCRIPTIONS

Evolution printers can accept inputs from external sources to control product detection and timing circuits to track product speed (Encoders). These device inputs are internally connected to pull-up resistors and drive optically isolated devices and may be driven by open collector or switch contacts.

Each input requires the capability of sinking 12ma to ground as depicted in the above circuit. Connection to the optional control port requires an RJ50 connector.

Below is an example of the external product detect eye supplied by DIGITAL DESIGN INC part number C21006.
For those applications requiring accurate line speed detection an external encoder is needed.

The external encoder will provide accurate signals eliminating problems in those applications where moving product has an acceleration or deceleration component in its motion, and is often mandatory when trying to produce a reliable printed barcode. Selecting the external encoder should take into consideration a supply source that will yield the correct aspect ration of printed height to width.

A vertical printed column contains 150 dots and spans 1/2". This equates to 0.00333 between each vertical dot placement, thusly each horizontal dot placement should be the same to maintain a perfect 300DPI ratio.

Selecting the external encoder, the line speed calculation is replaced by a scalable encoder setting ranging from 0-7 allowing a printed message to be compressed or expanded. Ideally, the external encoder should be provided to use this feature to its maximum advantage.

If the external encoder were selected to provide a resolution of 0.00333 then the external encoder set to 0 would produce the correct aspect ratio and the message can only be expanded in multiples of 0.00333 thousands of an inch. This may provide all that is required. Selecting an external encoder source that provided 0.00111 thousands of an inch would be a better choice.

The above pictorial is an example of the connections for an external encoder.

If it becomes necessary to supply both external product detect, and external encoder, both signals can be wired into the same connector, or DIGITAL DESIGN INC can supply an optional adaptor to allow connection of both cables (part number C21012)
PART 8: SPECIFICATIONS
PRINTER SPECIFICATIONS

PRINT CHARACTERISTICS
Character Set: Full alphanumeric and 20 special symbols
Standard Font: Arial style
Logos: up to 3 resident
Line Speeds: From 10 to 200 fpm
Encoder Ratio: 0 to 7
Print Delay: From 1 to 255 (approx .060 in to 15.0 in)
Character Heights:
    1/2" single line of print
    7/32" two lines of print
Length: 24 characters (1/2") 48 characters (7/32")
Message Storage 50 Messages
Print Head to Product Distance: Up to 1/4" (6.35 mm)

CONTROLLER
Standard Finish: Hi Impact ABS Black
Dimensions: 8.75"H x 4.25"W x 2.7"D (222 mm x 108 mm x 69 mm)
Weight: 1 lbs. (4.5 kg)
Control Panel: Touch Switches and 4x16 Line LCD

PRINT CARRIAGE
Standard Finish: Aluminum Black Anodized
Dimensions: 3.0"H x 1.8"W x 4.0"D (76 mm x 46 mm x 102 mm)
Weight: 1 lbs. (4.5 kg)

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS
Temperature Range: 40°F - 104°F (5°C - 40°C)
Humidity: up to 90% relative, non-condensing
Electrical Supply: 100-250 VAC; 50-60 Hz; 0.25Amp

GENERAL
Product Detector: IR LED convergent
Communications link RS485 (115KBAUD 7-BITS EVEN PARITY 1 STOP BIT)
## DEFAULT SETTINGS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FUNCTION</th>
<th>DEFAULT SETTING</th>
<th>RANGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DIRECTION</td>
<td>&lt;</td>
<td>&lt; &gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FONTS</td>
<td>ARIEL STYLE</td>
<td>USER DEFINED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INTER-CHARACTER SPACING</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1 - 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LANGUAGE</td>
<td>ENGLISH</td>
<td>ENGLISH / SPANISH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LINE SPEED</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>10 - 200</td>
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<tr>
<td>LOGOS</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1 - 3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PRINT INVERSE</td>
<td>NORMAL</td>
<td>NORMAL / INVERSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRODUCT DETECT</td>
<td>INTERNAL</td>
<td>INTERNAL / EXTERNAL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EXTERNAL ENCODER</td>
<td>INTERNAL</td>
<td>INTERNAL / EXTERNAL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRINT DELAY</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1 - 255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENCODER RATIO</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0 - 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MESSAGE STORAGE</td>
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<td>1 - 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASSWORD</td>
<td>12345</td>
<td>5 CHARACTERS USER DEFINED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUTO REPEAT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0 - 255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE</td>
<td>dd/mm/ddyy</td>
<td>USER DEFINED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIME</td>
<td>hh:mm</td>
<td>USER DEFINED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SHIFT CODE</td>
<td>TIMES AND CODES SET TO ZERO</td>
<td>USER DEFINED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OFFSET</td>
<td>OFFSET DAYS SET TO ZERO</td>
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<tr>
<td>PRODUCT COUNTER</td>
<td>TIMES AND CODES SET TO ZERO</td>
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<tr>
<td>BARCODE TYPE</td>
<td>8 SELECTABLE</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIN BAR WIDTH</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3 - 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADDED SPACE</td>
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<td>0 - 3</td>
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<tr>
<td>QUIET ZONE</td>
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<td>0 - 150</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHECK DIGIT</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAN READABLE</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX A – PRODUCING RELIABLE BAR CODES

Printing reliable barcodes requires that several key issues be observed.
1. Barcode integrity
2. Contrast ratio
3. Bar separation
4. Quiet zone

BARCODE INTEGRITY -
Barcode integrity is the validity of the data contained in the barcode. This includes valid characters and the correct ratio of dark to light bars.

CONTRAST RATIO -
The contrast ratio is the optical density of the print against the background substrate. For example a black ink barcode against a white coated cardboard versus a black ink barcode on a brown cardboard.

BAR SEPARATION -
Bar separation is the ratio of a dark bar to a light bar. This is one of the most critical parameters to be observed. Assuming that the aspect ratio of the printed barcode is correct, bleed factors can greatly diminish the readability of a barcode. Bleed factors vary greatly depending on substrates. For example printing on virgin versus recycled corrugated cases.

EVOLUTION II printers have the capability to adjust various parameters of the printed barcode to circumvent the inherent problems in producing a reliable printed barcode. These include:

   Dark Bar width
   White bar width

Even though the ratio of a dark bar to a light bar should not be changed it might be necessary to alter the printed barcode by adjusting the light bar size relative to a dark bar size allowing for bleed factors found on different substrates.

QUIET ZONE -
These are areas at the beginning and end of a barcode symbol that allow optical equipment to differentiate the barcode from other printed material.

The inks developed for the EVOLUTION printers will produce, at 300 dpi and 200ft/min, a class “A” barcode on brown corrugated, but care must be exercised in programming the various parameters that control how the printed image is produced. As with any fine resolution image the distance from the print head to the product is of utmost importance. Trial and error is often required to produce the desired results.
PROGRAMMING BAR CODES:

BARCODE TYPE: This is the type of barcode to be used and only one type is valid per message.

Valid types are:
- CODE 39
- CODE128B
- CODE 128C
- INTERLEAVED 2of5
- EAN13
- EAN 8
- UPC-A
- UPC-E
- DATA MATRIX (optional)

MINIMUM BAR WIDTH: This parameter controls the number of columns in a narrow bar. The legal limits are 3 to 15 printed columns for 1-D linear codes and 2 to 15 for 2-D codes.

ADDED SPACE: This controls the amount of added columns for 1-D codes only and is intended to overcome the nature of the bleed factor of the ink on different substrates. The legal values are 0, 1, 2 or 3 additional printed columns.

QUIET ZONE: These are areas at the beginning and end of a barcode symbol that allow optical equipment to differentiate the barcode from other printed material. The user may program a value from 0 to 150 printable columns where, with a correct aspect ratio, each column is 0.0033”.

ADD CHECK CHARACTER: If selected the software will calculate the check character automatically.

ADD MAN READABLE TEXT: If selected the software will add man readable characters to the barcode.

GUARD BARS: If selected indicates that guard bars will be higher than other bars to allow for man readable characters located at the bottom of the code. Man readable characters must be enabled for guard bars to take effect.
BARCODE TECHNIQUES:
The following are actual scanned images of a UPC-A barcode (without man-readable or guard bars for clarity). These tests were produced on white coated corrugated. These are pictured here to help the user understand some of the important parameters in producing a reliable barcode. The faint background noise is a result of the scanning process and is not indicative of a typical printed sample.

Bar code reader/verifier test equipment QUICK CHECK 800
All barcodes were readable and acceptable, some better than others
Decodability is the percentage as compared to the verifiers standard
Average bar is the size difference of a light bar to a dark bar
Code class is the overall acceptance of the code A B C D F

Barcode with:
Bar width = 5
Added space = 0
Decodability = 39%
Average bar = 16X
Code class = C

Barcode with:
Bar width = 5
Added space = 1
Decodability = 50%
Average bar = .11X
Code class = B

Barcode with:
Bar width = 5
Added space = 2
Decodability = 62%
Average bar = .03X
Code class = A

Barcode with:
Bar width = 6
Added space = 0
Decodability = 47%
Average bar = .17 X
Code class = C

Barcode with:
Bar width = 6
Added space = 1
Decodability = 51%
Average bar = .10 X
Code class = B

Barcode with:
Bar width = 6
Added space = 2
Decodability = 64%
Average bar = .00 X
Code class = A
The picture at the right is an exploded view of the previous scanned image. Again notice the ink bleed and how it affects the ratio of the dark to the light bar widths. Using the ADD SPACE parameter gives the user the ability to minimize this effect.

Trial and error is necessary to find the correct settings to be used. The substrate material is the governing factor in deciding what the correct settings are.

The second concept that the pictures show is the overall consistency in bar width across the image. All scanners have the capability of accepting a certain amount of bar growth but must be kept to a minimum. Bar growth will be seen in non-linear production lines. Normally with a consistent running production line, there is no need for an external encoder. Where there is an acceleration or deceleration component in the production line, it is absolutely necessary to use an encoder. Even with an encoder a code can deviate from the proper aspect ratio. This deviation is caused by slippage of the product against the production line. Bar growth will also lead to a less dense dark bar due to the fact the printed vertical columns will print further apart then previous dark bars. This may also be seen when not using an encoder and the line speed of the printer is set slower than the actual line speed of the production line.
The image below is a scanned image of two sample prints. The upper section of code is produced at 60 ft/min matching the line speed, while with the second sample, the line speed was increased to 100 ft/min. It should be immediately apparent at the difference in the optical density between both prints. This variation will be more apparent on brown corrugated than on a white substrate.

Displacing adjacent vertical columns farther than the correct aspect ratio caused this lack of optical density.

The pictorial at the right is an expanded section of the above code and clearly defines the correct versus incorrect aspect ratio and should be avoided.

It should also be noted that the MINIMUM BAR WIDTH parameter was set to 6.
Below is a scanned image of a typical application where there was an acceleration and deceleration component in the line movement. Notice how the bars grew from left to right then began to compress towards the normal at the right. Also apparent is the change in the optical density of the pattern. This was a totally unreadable code.

BAR WIDTHS BEGIN TO STRETCH

BAR WIDTHS BEGIN TO COMPRESS

Finally, the image as it should look. This code was produced on white corrugated at 100ft/min and produced a verifiable class "A" with a decodability of 70%. The average bar growth from the reference standard was 0.03%.
**BARCODE TYPES**

The following is a short description of the supported barcode types:

Each barcode type contains either 2 or 4 widths. This defines how many sizes or a light or dark bar exists in the code.

**CODE39:** Code 39 is an alphanumeric bar code that can encode (2 widths)
- Numbers
- Upper case alphabet
- Special symbols: _ . * $ / % +
If the Check Character flag is set the software will calculate the optional check character (modulus 43).

**CODE128:** Code 128 is a 128-character ASCII code (4 widths)
If the Check Character flag is set the software will calculate the optional check character (modulus 103).

**EAN-13:** EAN-13 encodes 13 characters (4 widths)
- Numbers only
- It includes a 2 or 3 digit country code
- 9 or 10 data digits (depending on the length of the country code)
- Checksum digit
If the Check Character flag is set the software will calculate the optional check character (modulus 10).

**EAN-8:** EAN-8 is a shortened version of the EAN-13 code (4 widths)
- Numbers only
- It includes a 2 or 3 digit country code
- 4 or 5 data digits (depending on the length of the country code)
- Checksum digit.
If the Check Character flag is set the software will calculate the optional check character (modulus 10).

**INTERLEAVED 2of5:** Interleaved 2 of 5 is a numeric only bar code (2 widths)
- Numbers only
If the Check Character flag is set the software will calculate the optional check character (modulus 10).
This code requires an even number of digits. If an odd number of digits are entered the software automatically inserts a leading 0. If a code contains an even number of digits and a check digit then the software adds a leading 0.
**UPC-A**: UPC-A encodes 12 characters (4 widths)
- Numbers only
- It includes a 1-digit system code (normally 0)
- 10 digits are the data characters
- Checksum digit
- If the Check Character flag is set the software will calculate the optional check character (modulus 10).
**UPC-E:** The UPC-E code is a compressed barcode (4 widths)
Numbers only (must include 0's)
Compression works by squeezing extra zeroes out of the barcode and then automatically re-inserting them at the scanner. Only barcodes containing zeroes are candidates for the UPC-E symbol.

**DATAMATRIX:** Is a 2-D full 256-character ASCII code
The code is made up of square modules (elements) arranged within a perimeter-clocking pattern.
The symbol consists of data regions, which contain square modules set out in a regular array.
Most of the symbols are square ranging from 10x10 to 144x144 elements.
The correct array is automatic, dependent on the data entered.

The following are ideal data matrix codes.
The pictorial below is a 10x10 array encoding the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 scaled for reference purposes.

Data matrix codes are more tolerable to stretch and skew by the nature of their imbedded clocking patterns defining both columns and rows.

Below is an 18x18 array encoding DIGITAL DESIGN INC. The pattern is repeated 7 times with various resolutions ranging from a 7x7 element to a 1x1 element. Even though it is conceivable to produce a 1x1 element, the nature of ink bleed makes it unrealistic. The **EVOLUTION II** with the optional DATAMATRIX symbologies installed limits the element size to a 2x2 array.
As a comparison the following is a scanned image of the actual printed sample.

The above is an enlarged pictorial of the last 3 element resolutions. As may be seen the 2x2 element is extremely discernable, where the 1x1 array loses definition due to bleed patterns.

As with linear barcodes the use of an encoder is not necessary for 2-D barcodes for any environment that does not contain an acceleration or deceleration component. Product handling should always be considered and care should be exercised in presenting the product relative to the print head in a consistent manner.
USING CHECK CHARACTER:

If you are supplying the code with the check digit already calculated, you must
deselect the ADD CHECK CHARACTER.
If you want the software to calculate the checksum for you, you must select ADD
CHECK CHARACTER.

For example:
EAN and UPC have fixed length and therefore only have the following
possibilities exist.

EAN13: you supply a 13-digit code including the CHECK CHARACTER or you
supply a 12-digit code and select the ADD CHECK CHARACTER.

EAN8: you supply an 8-digit code including the CHECK CHARACTER or you
supply a 7-digit code and select ADD CHECK CHARACTER.

UPCA you supply a 12-digit code including the CHECK CHARACTER or you
supply 11-digit code and select ADD CHECK CHARACTER.

UPCE: you supply an 8-digit code including the CHECK CHARACTER or you
supply a 7-digit code and select ADD CHECK CHARACTER.